Explanatory Materials

- FY2024.3 Financial Results
- Management Strategy

April 30, 2024

East Japan Railway Company

Greetings from the new President





Yoichi Kise, President and CEO

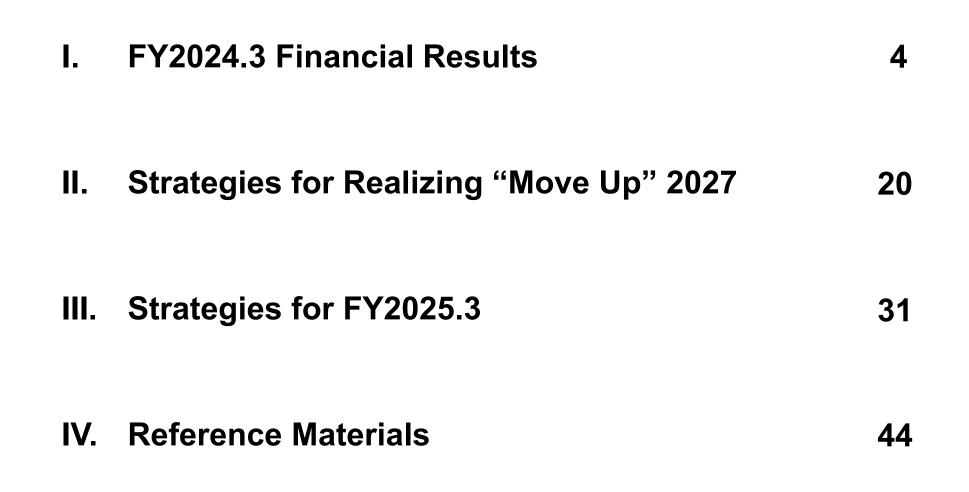
I was appointed the new President and CEO at a time of great change, including the full-fledged revival of the post-COVID-19 economy. Viewing the great changes occurring around the world as opportunities to further accelerate the structural reforms we have been pursuing under our Group management vision "Move Up" 2027, and by charting a new growth strategy and boldly promoting it, we will carve out a new era.

The JR East Group will boost profits through business activities to create a better world, and will use the profits generated to benefit customers and local communities, shareholders and investors, as well as to promote the well-being of employees and families, while also allocating them to the growth of the Group. By maintaining this cycle of growth and creation, we aim to be a corporate Group with a strong sense of promoting "the good for all four sides," and developing sustainably.

We sincerely appreciate your continued support as we leap toward the future of our Group.

- April 1989 Entered the Company
- June 2014 General Manager of Personnel Department and Director of JR East General Education Center
- June 2015 Executive Officer and General Manager of Personnel Department
- June 2017 Executive Officer and General Manager of Management Planning Department, Corporate Planning Headquarters
- June 2018 Executive Director and Director General of Corporate Planning Headquarters
- June 2020 Executive Director and Director General of Life-style Business Development Headquarters
- June 2021 Executive Vice President and Representative Director; Assistant to President (in general); Director General of Life-style Business Development Headquarters; In charge of Shinagawa Development; In charge of Work & Welfare Strategies Department; In charge of Regional Revitalization
- June 2022 Executive Vice President and Representative Director; Assistant to President (in general); Director General of Marketing Headquarters; In charge of Shinagawa Development and Regional Revitalization
- April 2024 Appointed as the President and CEO





I. FY2024.3 Financial Results

Highlights of FY2024.3 Financial Results



(¥ billion)	'22.4-'23.3	'23.4-'24.3	'23.4-'24.3/'22.	4-'23.3		'23.4-'24.3 Plans	'23.4- Results	
	Results	Results	Increase /Decrease	%		(Announced in Jan.)	Increase /Decrease	%
Operating revenues	2,405.5	2,730.1	+324.5	113.5	-	2,712.0	+18.1	100.7
Operating income	140.6	345.1	+204.5	245.4	-	310.0	+35.1	111.3
Ordinary income	110.9	296.6	+185.7	267.4	-	252.0	+44.6	117.7
Profit attributable to owners of parent	99.2	196.4	+97.2	198.0	-	165.0	+31.4	119.1

FY2024.3 Financial Results

Results

Consolidated Both revenues and income increased

- Operating revenues increased for the third year in a row as demand increased in the railway, EKINAKA (stores inside railway stations), hotel, and shopping center businesses.
 - Income increased at all levels as a result of increase in revenues.

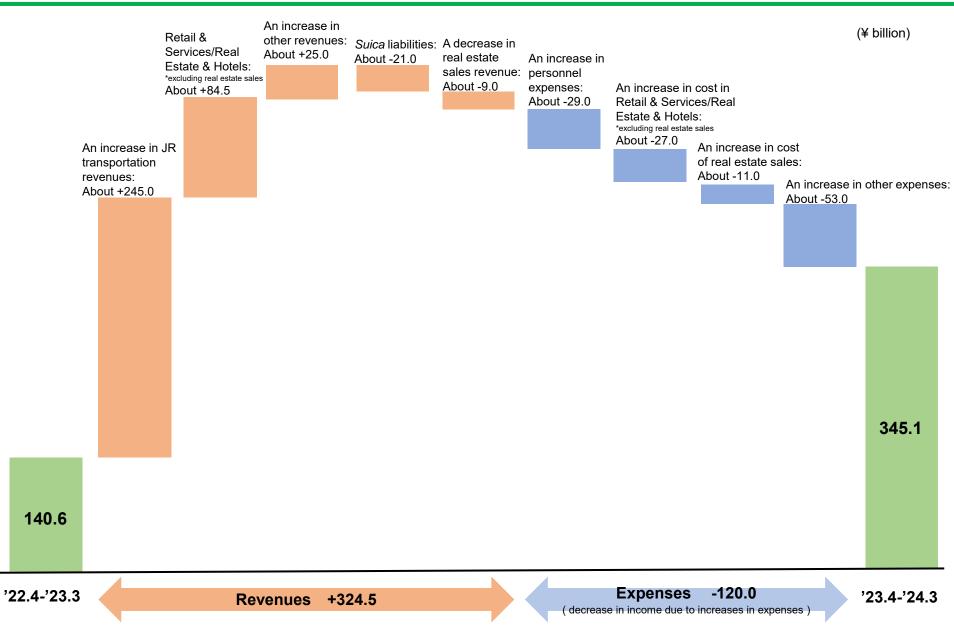
Segment Transportation, Retail & Services, and Other businesses achieved increases in revenue and income

- Transportation business achieved increases in revenues and income mainly due to an increase in passenger revenues (particularly in non-commuter passes revenues).
- Retail & Services business achieved increases in revenues and income mainly due to an increase in the sales of EKINAKA stores.
- Real Estate & Hotels business achieved <u>an increase in revenue</u> as sales of hotels and shopping centers increased, but its <u>income decreased</u> mainly due to a decrease in profit on real estate sales.
- Other business achieved increases in revenues and income mainly due to an increase in the sales related to the IC card business.

OShareholder returns (dividend per share)

FY 2024.3 Interim dividend per share: 55 yen Year-end dividend per share: 85 yen Total: 140 yen

FY2024.3 Financial Results (consolidated) : Changes in Operating Income



JR-EA

Statements of Income (consolidated)



(¥	billion)	'22.4-'23.3	'23.4-'24.3	Chang	ges	
		Results	Results	Increase /Decrease	%	Main factors behind changes
0	perating revenues	2,405.5	2,730.1	+324.5	113.5	
	Transportation	1,618.5	1,853.6	+235.0	114.5	An increase in passenger revenues
	Retail & Services	327.8	379.6	+51.7	115.8	An increase in the sales of EKINAKA stores
	Real Estate & Hotels	382.2	405.8	+23.6	106.2	An increase in the sales of hotels and shopping centers
	Others	76.9	91.0	+14.1	118.4	An increase in the sales related to IC card business
0	perating income	140.6	345.1	+204.5	245.4	
	Transportation	-24.0	170.7	+194.8	_	
	Retail & Services	35.2	54.0	+18.7	153.1	
	Real Estate & Hotels	111.5	100.1	-11.4	89.8	A decrease in profit on real estate sales
	Others	17.2	21.9	+4.6	127.2	
	Adjustment	0.6	-1.6	-2.3	—	
N	on-operating income or expenses	-29.7	-48.5	-18.8	163.3	
I	Non-operating income	42.0	29.1	-12.8	69.4	A decrease in equity in net income of affiliated companies
I	Non-operating expenses	71.8	77.7	+5.9	108.2	An increase in interest expense
0	rdinary income	110.9	296.6	+185.7	267.4	
Ex	traordinary gains or losses	17.4	-22.5	-40.0		
I	Extraordinary gains	93.2	40.6	-52.6	43.6	A decrease in compensation income, A decrease in construction grants received
I	Extraordinary losses	75.7	63.1	-12.5	83.4	A decrease in losses on reduction entry for construction grants
Pr	ofit attributable to owners of parent	99.2	196.4	+97.2	198.0	

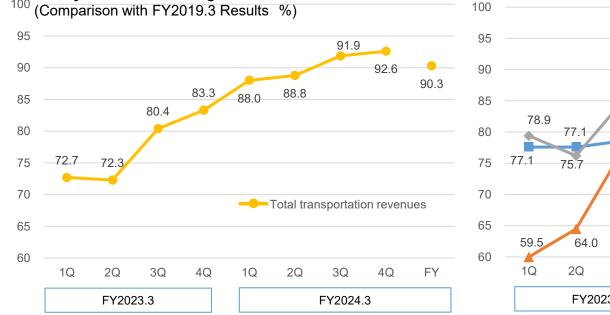
* The segment breakdown of operating revenues: operating revenues from outside customers

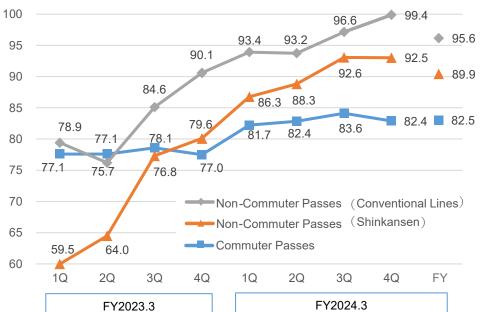
Transportation



(=	¥ billion)	100 ()			'23.	4-'24.3/'	22.4-'23.3		'23.4-'24.3 I	Results/Plans		
		'22.4-' Resi		'23.4-'24.3 Results		rease crease	%	'23.4-'24.3 Plans (Announced in Jan.)	Increase /Decrease	%		
	Operating revenues		1,618.5	1,853.6	1,853.6 +2		114.5	1,849.0	+4.6	100.2		
	Operating income		-24.0	170.7	+194.8		_	130.0	+40.7	131.3		
	'23.4-'24.3 Operating re	Railway busir	ness			on year due to an increase t 90% of pre-COVID-19 leve		ortation. Passenger				
	JR East (Transporta	ition)	+233.7	Railcar manufa	cturing		•	on year due to a decrease	in sales of railcar	s to non-JR railway		
JF	REAST VIEW TOURISM A	ND SALES	+2.8	business		compani	es.					
	Tokyo Monorail +2.2			Bus busine	SS	Revenue increased year on year due to an increase in use of express bus transportation. Express bus revenues remain at about 65% of pre-COVID-19 levels.						
Já	Japan Transport Engineering Company -8.9			Monorail business		Revenue increased year on year due to an increase in use. Fare revenues remain about 75% of pre-COVID-19 levels.				nues remain at		

■ Railway Business Passenger Revenues Result



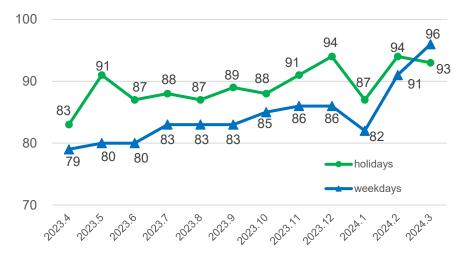




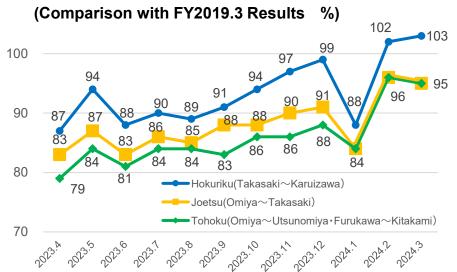
Shinkansen passenger volume (weekdays/holidays)

•Holidays include the Golden Week holidays, the Obon holidays, and the year-end and new year holidays, as well as Saturdays, Sundays, and national holidays.

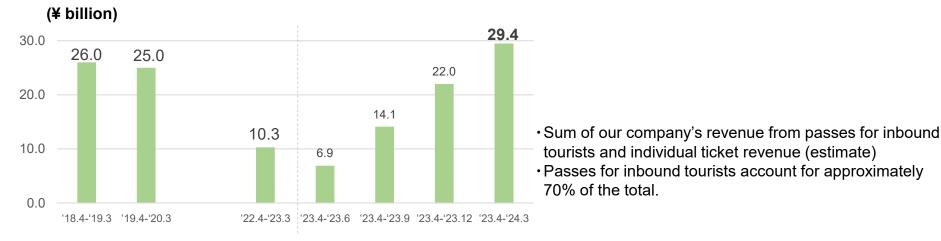
(Comparison with FY2019.3 Results %)



Shinkansen passenger volume (by destination)



■ Inbound Revenue (estimate)



9

Retail & Services



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	(¥ billion))				Γ			'23	.4-'24.3	3/'22	.4-'23.3					'23.4-'2	4.3 Re	esults/Plans		
					.4-'23.3 esults		'23.4-'2 Resu	-		crease crease	%			-	-'24.3 Pla unced in		Increa /Decrea		%		
	Operatii	ng reveni	Jes		327	7.8		379.6	379.6		7	115.8	3		37	5.0	4	4.6	101.2		
	Operat	ing incon	ne		3	5.2		54.0	54.0		+18.		7 153.1		1		6	0.0		-5.9	90.1
	'23.	4-'24.3 C	Operat	ing reve	enues (e	extern	al)	EKINAKA		Rev	venue inc	crease	ed year	on year	due t	o an incre	ease ir	the sales of			
		JR East	Cross	Statior	ו		+34.1	b	usines	SS	EKINAKA stores on the back of an increase in the use of railwa						of railways.				
_	JR Eas	t Marketiı	ng & C	ommu	nication	s	+5.3	Adv	ertiser	ment	Revenue increased year on year. Traffic advertisement revenue						t revenue is				
	JI	R East (R	etail &	Servic	es)		+2.7	b	usines	ss	about 60% of pre-COVID-19 levels.										
-	JR East	TOHOK	U SOL	IGOU S	SERVIC	E	+2.1														
((11 11 10 9	0	on with F	=Y20^	19.3 R	esults	%)		A	Result About 05%	(Co 100 90 80 70	mpa	arison w	ith F	Y2019	.3 Resi	ults	%)				
 8 7	0	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	4Q FY				-					Ab	sult but 60%		
 	1Q			46		20		46		Г	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q		4Q	FY		
		FY202	FY2023.3 FY2024.3								FY20)23.3				FY2024.	3				

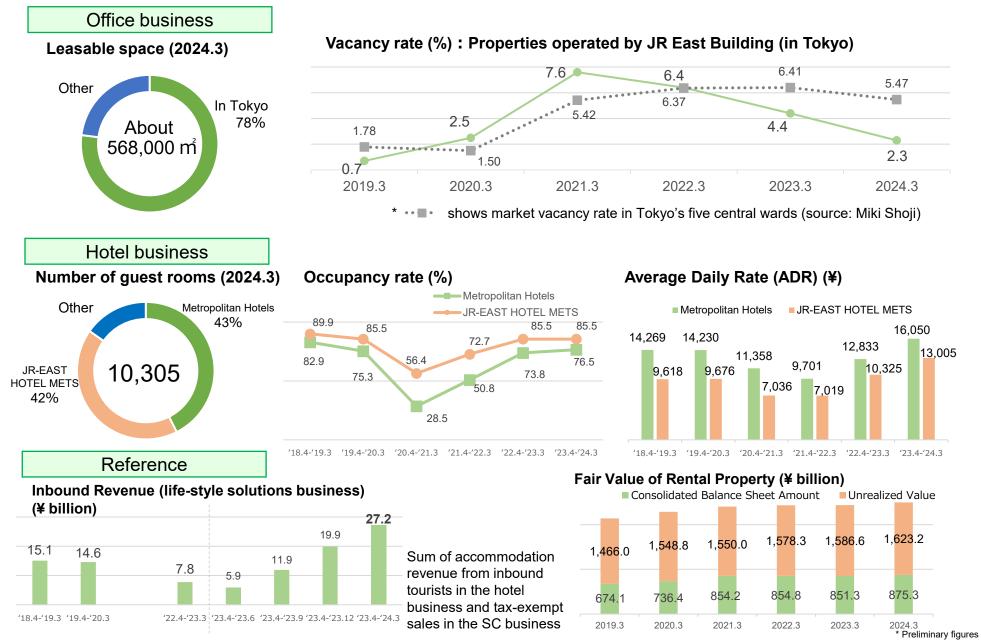
Real Estate & Hotels



(¥ billion)	,00.4.10	<u></u>	,00 A	,04.0	'23.4-'24.3/	'22.4-'23.3		'23.4-'24.3 Plans		'23.4-'24.3 Re	sults/Plan				
	22.4-2' Result		'23.4- Res		Increase /Decrease	%		(Announce		Increase /Decrease	%				
Operating revenues () excluding real estate sa		32.2 4.8)		405.8 357.4)	+23.6 (+32.6)	106.2 (110.0)			397.0 (353.4)	+8.8 (+3.9)	102.2 (101.1)				
Operating income () excluding real estate sa		11.5 6.7)		100.1 (75.3)	-11.4 (+8.6)	89.8 (112.9)			100.0 (87.4)	+0.1 (-12.0)	100.2 (86.2)				
'23.4-'24.3 Opera	ng revenues	(exter	nal)	Shopp	ing center business	Revenue incr	eased y	/ear on year as	sales of sta	ales of station buildings increased.					
Nippon H	otel		+13.8	С	Office business	Rental incom	e remai	ned at the sam	e level as th	e previous year.					
JR East Urban D	evelopment		+12.9	F	Hotel business	Revenue incr	eased y	vear on year du	e to an incre	ease in the use of	notels.				
	=		+4 5			Revenue decreased year on year due to a decrease in sales in the rotational									
LUMIN JR East (Real Est	ite & Hotels)		+4.5		state sales busines	business mod	del.			ease in sales in the	e rotational				
LUMIN JR East (Real Est Shopping center Comparison with F	ite & Hotels) business : F	Reven	-18.5		Result About 100%	business mod ■ Hotel bu	^{del.} siness	year on year di s : Revenue FY2019.3 Re	Trends	ease in sales in the	Result				
LUMIN JR East (Real Est Shopping center Comparison with F 110 90	ite & Hotels) business : F	Reven	-18.5		Result	■ Hotel business mod (Comparison 140 130 120 110 100 90 80	^{del.} siness	s : Revenue	Trends	ease in sales in the	Result				
LUMIN JR East (Real Est Shopping center Comparison with F 110 90 80 1Q 2Q	tte & Hotels) business : F 2019.3 Resu	Reven	-18.5 nue Tre	nds	Result	■ Hotel business mod (Comparison 140 130 120 110 100 90	del. siness n with f	5 : Revenue FY2019.3 Re	Trends sults %)	2Q 3Q 4	Result About 135				
LUMIN JR East (Real Est Shopping center Comparison with F 110 90 80	tte & Hotels) business : F 2019.3 Resu	Reven Ilts %	-18.5 nue Trei o) 2Q	nds	Result About 100%	■ Hotel business mod (Comparison 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 1Q	del. siness n with f 2Q FY20	5 : Revenue FY2019.3 Re	1Q		Result About 135				

Real Estate & Hotels (Relevant Indicators)





Others

(¥ billion)	100.4	200.0	200	4-'24.3	'23.4-'24.3/'2	2.4-'23.3	100.4	204.0 Diama	'23.4-'24.3	Result	s/Plans			
	'22.4-' Resi		Results		Increase /Decrease	%		-'24.3 Plans unced in Jan.)	Increase /Decrease		%			
Operating revenues	;	76.9		91.0	+14.1	118.4	_	91.0	+0.0		100.1			
Operating income		17.2		21.9	+4.6	127.2		22.0	-0.0 99					
'23.4-'24.3 Ope revenues (exte	-		Credit:		increase in ca	rd transac	tion volume		sed year on year due to an					
JR East Mechatronics	+6.1		S <i>uica</i> ness		increase in th	e number o	of payments	member shops increased year on year due to an payments by e-money. In year due to an increase in the sales of IC cards						
Viewcard	+2.8				and related sy	/stems.	-		crease in the sales of IC cards					
GATES Newly consolidated)	+2.6	(Refer	,		business resu		,		23.4-'24.3/'22.	:3.4-'24.3/'22.4-'23.3				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(* 2			4-23.3 Results	23.4-	24.3 Result	S Increase/	Decrease	(%			
JR East Energy Development	+1.7	Operat	ing reven	ues	51.	5	61	.6	+10.1		119.			
JR East (Others)	+1.4	Opera	ating incor	ne	12.	3	16	.2	+3.8		131.			
Credit card busin				2010 2 Da				Revenues T						
140 130 120 110				Re	sults %) <nun 160 150 140 sult 140 1</nun 	iber of pie	ces utilize	d>(Compariso	on with FY20	Res	sult			
140 130 120	3Q 4Q	_	•	Re	160	1Q 2Q	ces utilize	d>(Compariso	2Q 3Q	Res				

Т



(¥ bi	llion)	As of '23.3	As of '24.3	Chang	ges	
		Results	Results	Increase /Decrease	%	Main factors behind changes
Asse	ets	9,351.8	9,771.4	+419.5	104.5	
	Current assets	1,052.7	1,191.9	+139.1	113.2	An increase in cash and time deposits
	Fixed assets	8,299.1	8,579.5	+280.4	103.4	An increase in construction in progress
Liab	ilities	6,854.1	7,032.2	+178.0	102.6	
	Current liabilities	1,532.2	1,616.7	+84.4	105.5	
	Long-term liabilities	5,321.9	5,415.5	+93.5	101.8	An increase in bonds
Tota	l Net Assets	2,497.7	2,739.2	+241.5	109.7	
Total	Liabilities and Net Assets	9,351.8	9,771.4	+419.5	104.5	

Summary of Cash Flows (consolidated)



(¥ billion)	'22.4-'23.3 Results	'23.4-'24.3 Results	Increase /Decrease
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	581.7	688.1	+106.3
(Main Components)			
Income before income taxes	128.3	274.0	+145.6
Depreciation	389.8	392.1	+2.2
Net change in major receivables and payables	14.6	-38.6	-53.3
Payments of interest	-62.0	-67.4	-5.4
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	-565.5	-690.6	-125.1
(Main Components)			
Payments for purchases of fixed assets	-555.5	-714.9	-159.3
Proceeds from construction grants	12.5	49.1	+36.5
Cash Flows from Financing Activities	26.8	66.1	+39.2
(Main Components)			
Net change in short-term loans and commercial papers	-390.7	-1.1	+389.6
Proceeds from long-term loans and issuance of bonds	718.6	462.3	-256.3
Payments of long-term loans and redemption of bonds	-253.0	-365.0	-112.0
Cash dividends paid	-37.7	-39.6	-1.8
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Year	171.0	215.0	+43.9
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Year	215.0	280.8	+65.8
	10.0		40.7
Free Cash Flows	16.2	-2.5	-18.7

Interest-bearing debt (consolidated), Capital Expenditures (consolidated), Key Indicators (consolidated)



Interest-bearing debt (consolidated)

(¥	billion)	As of '23.3		Chang	jes	
		Results	As of '24.3 Results	Increase /Decrease	%	Average interest rate (Comparison with 2023.3 Results)
In	terest-bearing debt balance	4,774.8	4,868.2	+93.3	102.0	1.47% (+0.08%)
	Bonds	2,975.8	3,114.9	+139.0	104.7	1.24% (+0.12%)
	Long-term loans	1,483.9	1,442.2	-41.7	97.2	0.87% (+0.03%)
	Long-term liabilities incurred for purchase of railway facilities	315.0	311.0	-4.0	98.7	6.55% (+0.00%)
	Other interest-bearing debt	_	0.0	+0.0	—	7.93% (+7.93%)
N	et interest-bearing debt balance	4,559.8	4,587.4	+27.5	100.6	

Capital Expenditures (consolidated)

(¥ billion)		As of '23.3	A = = £204.0	Chang	jes
	Segment	Results	As of '24.3 Results	Increase /Decrease	%
Mobility	Transportation	373.0	436.6	+63.5	117.0
Life-style Solutions	Retail & Services Real Estate & Hotels Others	181.6	277.0	+95.4	152.5
Total		554.7	713.7	+158.9	128.7

Key Indicators (consolidated)

	Unit	As of '23.3 Results	As of '24.3 Results	Increase /Decrease
Consolidated ROA	%	1.5	3.6	+2.1
Consolidated ROE	%	4.1	7.6	+3.5
Net interest-bearing debt / EBITDA	times	8.6	6.2	-2.4

*EBITDA is calculated by adding depreciation to operating income.

Appendix

2024.3 Results



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Statements of Income (non-consolidated) - FY2024.3 Results

(¥ billi	ion)		'22.4-'	23.3		'23.4-'24.3		Changes			'23.4-'24.3 Plans	'23.4-'24.3 R	esults/Plans
			Resu			Results		ncrease Decrease	%		(Announced in Jan.)	Increase /Decrease	%
Opera	ating reven	nues		1,765.5		1,987.2		+221.7	112.6		1,978.0	+9.2	100.5
Opera	ating exper	nses		1,674.5		1,733.4		+58.9	103.5	-	1,760.0	-26.5	98.5
Opera	ating incom	ne		90.9		253.8		+162.8	279.1	-	218.0	+35.8	116.4
Ordina	ary income	Э		46.0		202.3		+156.3	439.8	-	161.0	+41.3	125.7
Profit				52.4		146.6		+94.2	279.8	-	112.0	+34.6	131.0
(Compo	nents)												
(¥ billi	on)			'22.4-'23		'23.4-'24.3		Ch Increase	anges I		Main factors behind changes		es.
				Results	s	Results		/Decrease	%	, D	Main factors behind changes		
Opera	ating reven	lues		1,765	5.5	1,9	87.2	+221.7	7	112.6			
	Passen	ger revenu	ies	1,431	1.7	1,6	76.5	+244.8	3	117.1			
	Others			333	3.7 3		10.7	-23.0		93.1	Reactionary fall from due to the change in of <i>Suica</i> liabilities as	the timing of re	
Opera	ting exper	nses		1,674	4.5	1,7	33.4	+58.9)	103.5			
	Personr	nel expens	es	394	4.6	4	06.5	+11.8	3	103.0	An increase pertainir	ig to bonuses	
	Non-per	rsonnel ex	penses	769	9.1	8	12.2	+43.1		105.6			
	Γ	Energy		91	1.3		86.0	-5.3	3	94.1			
		Maintena	ince	256	6.3	2	73.6	+17.3	3	106.8	An increase in gener and railcar maintena		expenses
		Other		421	1.3	4	52.6	+31.2	2	107.4	An increase in outso	urcing expense	S
	Usage fees to JRTT, etc		ΓT, etc	84	4.3		83.8	-0.4	ŧ	99.5			
	Taxes			104	4.4	1	09.2	+4.8	3	104.7			
	Depreci	ation		322	2.0	3	21.4	-0.	5	99.8			
Opera	ating incom	ne		90.9 253.8 +162.8 279.1									

Appendix



Balance Sheets (non-consolidated)

(¥ bi	illion)	As of '23.3	As of '24.3	Changes			
		Results	Results			Main factors behind changes	
Asse	ets	8,527.3	8,873.3	+345.9	104.1		
	Current assets	777.7	881.7	+104.0	113.4	An increase in cash and time deposits	
	Fixed assets	7,749.6	7,991.5	+241.8	103.1	An increase in construction in progress	
Liab	ilities	6,646.9	6,828.6	+181.6	102.7		
	Current liabilities	1,481.2	1,547.6	+66.3	104.5		
	Long-term liabilities	5,165.6	5,281.0	+115.3	102.2	An increase in bonds	
Tota	I Net Assets	1,880.4	2,044.6	+164.2	108.7		
Total	Liabilities and Net Assets	8,527.3	8,873.3	+345.9	104.1		

Appendix



Traffic Volume and Passenger Revenues - FY2024.3 Results

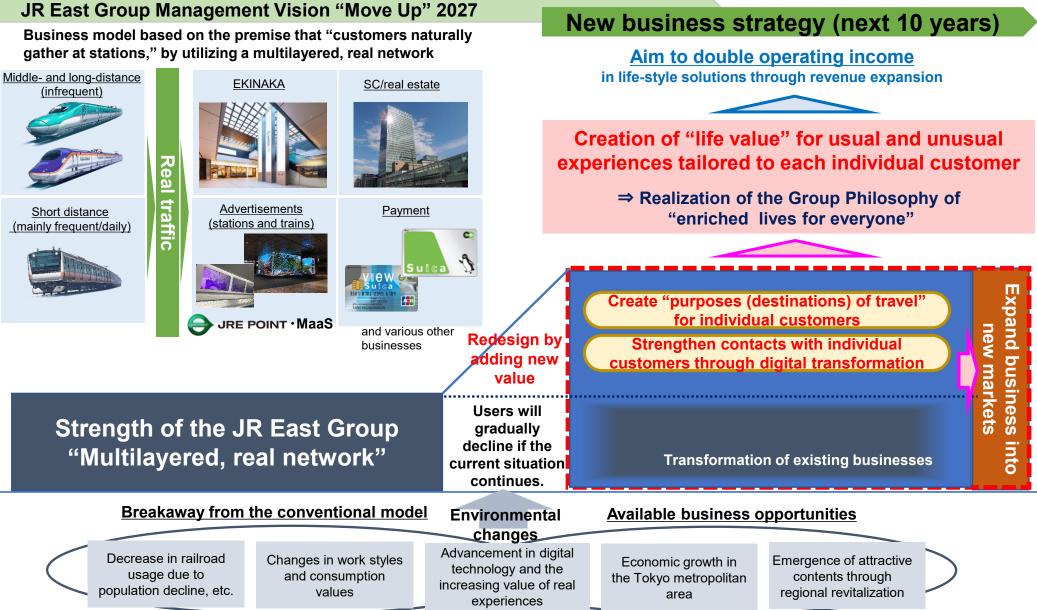
	Traffic Volume (million passenger kilometers)				Passenger Revenues (¥ billion)				
	'22.4-'23.3 Results	'23.4-'24.3 Results	Changes %	'22.4-'23.3 Results	'23.4-'24.3 Results	Chan Increase /Decrease	ges %	Main factors behind changes	
Shinkansen	16,494	21,230	128.7	421.9	537.4	+115.4	127.4		
Commuter Passes	1,563	1,670	106.9	21.2	22.5	+1.3	106.3		
Non-commuter Passes	14,931	19,560	131.0	400.7	514.8	+114.1	128.5	 Increase in railway transportation: +100.5 Inbound tourism: +8.5 Rebound from natural disasters: +6.0 Leap year: +1.0 In reaction to the impact of a natural disaster: -2.0 	
Conventional Lines	90,983	98,470	108.2	1,009.8	1,139.1	+129.3	112.8		
Commuter Passes	57,464	60,237	104.8	370.3	395.3	+24.9	106.8		
Non-commuter Passes	33,519	38,232	114.1	639.5	743.8	+104.3	116.3		
Breakdown of Conventional Lines Kanto Area Network(Reproduced)	86,356	93,387	108.1	956.3	1,077.5	+121.2	112.7		
Commuter Passes	54,766	57,474	104.9	354.1	378.8	+24.6	107.0		
Non-commuter Passes	31,590	35,912	113.7	602.1	698.7	+96.6	116.1	 Increase in railway transportation: +72.0 Barrier-free charges: +16.0 • Inbound tourism: +10.0 Leap year: +2.5 Rebound from natural disasters: +1.5 In reaction to the impact of a natural disaster: -3.5 Direct Sotetsu-Tokyu line: -1.5 	
Breakdown of Conventional Lines Other Network(Reproduced)	4,626	5,083	109.9	53.5	61.5	+8.0	115.0		
Commuter Passes	2,697	2,763	102.4	16.1	16.5	+0.3	102.3		
Non-commuter Passes	1,929	2,319	120.3	37.3	45.0	+7.6	120.5	 Increase in railway transportation: +7.0 Inbound tourism: +0.5 	
Total	107,477	119,701	111.4	1,431.7	1,676.5	+244.8	117.1		
Commuter Passes	59,027	61,908	104.9	391.5	417.8	+26.3	106.7	 Increase in railway transportation: +19.5 Barrier-free charges: +7.0 	
Non-commuter Passes	48,450	57,792	119.3	1,040.2	1,258.7	+218.4	121.0		

* Kanto Area Network refers to the sections covered by JR East's Tokyo Metropolitan Area Headquarters, Yokohama Branch Office, Hachioji Branch Office, Omiya Branch Office, Takasaki Branch Office, Mito Branch Office, and Chiba Branch Office.

II. Strategies for Realizing "Move Up" 2027

New business strategy to strengthen "Move Up" 2027





Growth Investment Pipelines and Returns



	Name	2025.3	2026.3	2027.3	2028.3	2029.3	2030.3	2031.3	2032.3	2033.3 (FY)	Assumed revenues during stable operation	Assumed investment amount
	Introduction of Green Cars to Chuo Rapid Line											
Mobility	Tohoku Shinkansen speed increase (320 km/h) between Morioka and Shin-Aomori											
	Haneda Airport Access Line (tentative name)											
	TAKANAWA GATEWAY CITY											
	Development of the Hiromachi area around Oimachi Station (tentative name)											
	Funabashi Ichiba-cho Project (tentative name)											
	Station building development at Nakano station										About	About
	Shibuya scramble square (Central and West Building)										120.0 billion yen	1.45 trillion
Life-style	Redevelopment project around Itabashi Station Itabashi Gate District 1 urban area										/ year*	yen
solutions	Development Project around Shinjuku Station Southwest Gate Area											
	Development Project around Nakano Station New North Entrance											
	Development Project around Hamamatsucho Station West Gate Area											
	Shibaura project											
	Tokyo Institute of Technology Tamachi Campus Redevelopment Project											
	Improvement around Shinagawa station North Gate and maintenance of station building											

Under constructions

In operation

* Not including Funabashi Ichiba-cho Project (tentative name), which is a source of non-recurring revenue. 22

Future major measures for Mobilty



Introduction of Green Cars to the Chuo Rapid Line

Providing a comfortable environment through services that meet the seating needs of customers

Operation sections: Chuo Rapid Line (Tokyo-Otsuki) Ome Line (Tachikawa-Ome)* * Trains that directly connect to the Chuo Rapid Line

Scheduled introduction:

In or after FY2025.3 Investment: Approx. 86.0 billion yen Expected revenue increase: Approx. 8.0 billion yen per year



Haneda Airport Access Line (tentative name)

Realizing direct access to Haneda Airport from various directions using the existing railway network

Overview of East Yamanote route & Airport access line

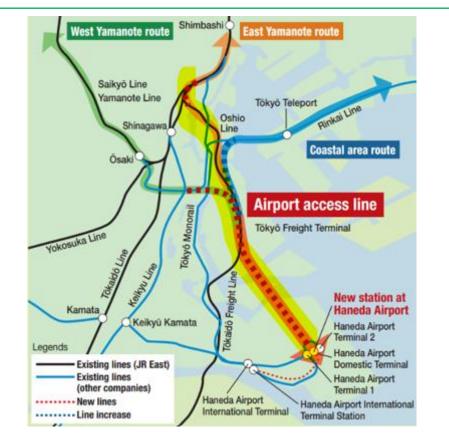
construction section : Minato-ku Shibaura 1cho-me \sim

Ota-ku hanedaairport 3cho-me

- Construction extension : Approx. 12.4km
- Schedule to open : FY 2032.3

Approximate construction cost : Approx. 280.0 billion yen*

*The approximate construction cost includes the construction cost of the tunnel itself related to JR East (About 70.0 billion yen) among the national airport development projects.



Improving Accessibility to Haneda Airport

- •Realize direct access to Haneda Airport from the Utsunomiya, Takasaki, and Joban Lines
- •The travel time from Tokyo Station to the airport reduce to about 18 minutes without transfer
- Passengers allow to go to Terminal 2 without moving up or down to a different floor level from Haneda Airport New Station

Project costs below are those incurred at the JR East Group mainly as per our annual securities report. Any information about future projects are plans as of the date of this document.



Future major development projects for Life-style solution -1

	高崎 Takaşaki 大宮 Omiya 東京 Toky M田空港 Haneda Airport	(6)	Akabane kebukuroo hinjuku Shibuya Shibuya Shinaga	(8) (9) (10)
	Name	Fiscal Year	Area	Use and Other
(1)	TAKANAWA GATEWAY CITY	Opening End of FY2025.3: THE LINKPILLAR 1 By the end of FY2026.3: THE LINKPILLAR 2, Culture Creation Building, (tentative name), TAKANAWA GATEWAY CITY RESIDENCE	Total floor area THE LINKPILLAR 1: About 460,000 m ² THE LINKPILLAR 2: About 208,000 m ² Culture Creation Building: About 29,000m ² (tentative name) TAKANAWA GATEWAY CITY RESIDENCE : About 148,000 m ²	
(2)	Development of the Hiromachi area around Oimachi Station (tentative name)	Opening: End of FY2026.3	Total floor area A1 area: About 250,000 m² A2 area: About 9,100 m²	Office, hotel, retail, residential, etc. Revenue projection (under stabilized operation) : About 13.0 billion yen / year
(3)	Funabashi Ichiba-cho Project (tentative name)	Completion: In or after 2026	Site area: About 45,000 m²	Residential, retail, renewable energy power generation facility Joint venture with Tokyu Fudosan Holdings Revenue projection (as JR East Group) : About 37.0 billion yen
(4)	Redevelopment project around Itabashi Station Itabashi Gate District 1 urban area	Completion: June 2027	Total floor area: About 51,200 m²	Residential, retail etc. Joint venture with Nomura Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. 24

Project costs below are those incurred at the JR East Group mainly as per our annual securities report.

Any information about future projects are plans as of the date of this document. Future major development projects for Life-style solution -2

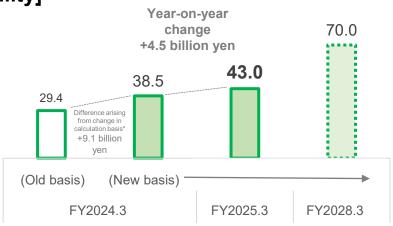
	Name)	Fiscal Year	Area	Use and Other
(5)	Shibuya Scramble Square Central and West Building		Opening: FY2028.3	Total floor area: About 80,000 m ²	Retail, station facility, etc. Joint venture with Tokyu Corporation and one other company
		815	[East Building: Opened in November 2019]	[Excluding East Building (About 158,000 m ²)]	[Project cost for East Building: About 42.3 billion yen]
	Shinjuku Station		Construction period	Total floor area	Retail, office, hotel, etc.
(6)	Southwest Exit Area		South City Block : FY2024.3 to FY2029.3 North City Block :Into 2040s	South City Block: About 150,000 m ² North City Block: About 141,500 m ²	Joint venture with Keio Corporation and other companies
	Nakano Station North Exit				Hall, office, residential, retail, etc.
(7)	Base Facility Development Project		Completion: FY2030.3	Enforcement district area About 23,000 m²	Joint venture with Nomura Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. and three other companies
	Development Project				Office, retail, hotel, etc.
(8)	around Hamamatsucho Station West Gate Area		Completion: FY2030.3	Total floor area: About 314,000 m ²	Joint venture with World Trade Center Building, Inc. and two other companies
			Completion		Office, retail, hotel, residential, etc.
(9)	Shibaura Project		S Building : February 2025 N Building : FY2031.3	Total floor area: About 550,000 m²	Joint venture with Nomura Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.
	Tokyo Institute of Technology	V	Commencement of shared use:	T 1 1 0	Office, retail, hotel, etc.
(10)	Tamachi Campus		June 2030	Total floor area: About 250,000 m ²	Joint venture with NTT Urban Development Corporation
	Land Utilization Project		Grand opening: April 2032		and two other companies
	Shinagawa Station District		Construction period:	Total floor area:	Office, retail, station facility, etc.
(11)	Development Project (North Block)		FY2026.3 to FY2031.3	About 165,000 m ²	Business entity of south city block : Keikyu Co., Ltd 25



In order to surely capture demand from inbound tourists, which are expected to increase to 60 million by 2030, we will strengthen price strategies and promotions for products targeted at inbound tourists in both mobility and life-style solutions.

Promoting the use of facilities of the JR East Attracting customers to our area by promoting Enhancing information offering before, Group the use of railways during, and after travel Offer regional passes that are attractive to Stimulate desire to travel to our area Offer discounts and benefits at various facilities customers visiting Japan (e.g., JR EAST PASS in each region to the purchasers of regional by using various touchpoints and JR TOKYO Wide Pass) passes Before travel Increase the percentage of regional passes and SNS, travel fairs held outside «EKINA tickets sold through our direct sales website Japan, JAPAN RAIL CAFE, etc. "JR-EAST Train Reservation." During travel Realize smooth use by JR East Travel Service Center 1APAA -EAST increasing the percentage Offer various benefits After travel to those who present of online sales of Japan eservation JAPAN RAIL CLUB EKINA the pass Rail Pass.

[Mobility]



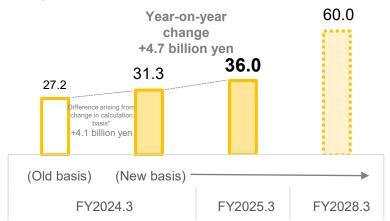
* Method of calculating inbound revenue

Through FY2024.3: Sum of JR East revenue from passes for inbound tourists and individual ticket sales (estimated based on mobility statistics using location information of mobile phones)

From FY2025.3: Sum of JR East revenue from passes for inbound tourists and individual ticket sales (estimated based on the percentage of English tickets in the total tickets issued)

Under the new basis, passes for inbound tourists account for approximately 30% of the total.

[Life-style solutions]



* Method of calculating inbound revenue

Through FY2024.3: Sum of room revenue from non-Japanese guests in the hotel business and tax-exempt sales in the SC business

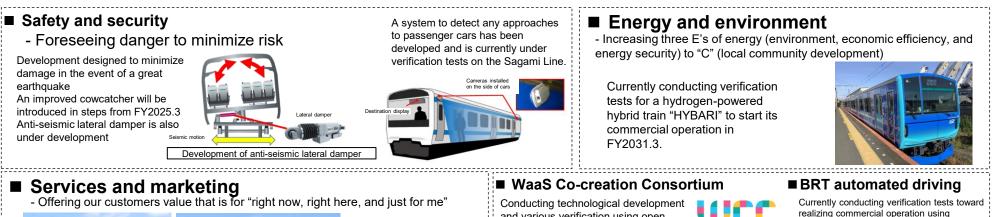
From FY2025.3: Sum of room revenue from non-Japanese guests in the hotel business and

26

Major Technological Development Projects



We promote development of technologies that are ahead of our time in the four areas ("safety and security," "service and marketing," "operation and maintenance," and "energy and environment") identified in our medium- to long-term vision for technological innovation, in order to create new values by using IoT, big data, AI, etc.





Development of next-generation Shinkansen

Currently conducting endurance tests for various newly developed equipment using a Shinkansen test car "ALFA-X"

and various verification using open innovation on an ongoing basis toward realizing a well-being society Consortium

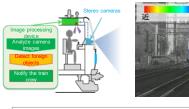




Operation and maintenance

- Reviewing operations in preparation for a 20% reduction in the working-age population

A system to automatically detect foreign objects on railway tracks ahead of railcars in real time has been developed and is currently under verification tests



In-car installation type foreign object detection system

Railway equipment monitoring devices have been introduced to 50 line segments in the JR East area. They will be introduced also to areas covered by other companies going forward.



CBM (monitoring of wayside equipment)

Development is underway for the mechanization of rolling stock and wayside equipment maintenance.

Technical development by frontline employees

Development of tools

to replace railway switch bearings



Equipment for automatic dismantling of side cover boards

realizing commercial operation using



Intellectual property strategy

Promote strategic acquisition, effective use, etc., of intellectual property



Exterior appearance of Series E8 rolling stock Excerpt from publication for design registration No. 1676337



Process to reach the targets for FY2028.3

* Figures announced in April 2023

(V billion)	¥ billion)		2025.3	2025.3/202	24.3
(≠ DilliOn)			Forecast	Increase/Decrease	%
Operating reve	enues	2,730.1	2,852.0	+121.8	104.5
	Transportation	1,853.6	1,935.0	+81.3	104.4
	Retail & Services	379.6	387.0	+7.3	101.9
	Real Estate & Hotels	405.8	429.0	+23.1	105.7
	Others	91.0	101.0	+9.9	110.9
Operating inco	ome	345.1	370.0	+24.8	107.2
	Transportation	170.7	188.0	+17.2	110.1
	Retail & Services	54.0	61.0	+6.9	112.9
	Real Estate & Hotels	100.1	101.0	+0.8	100.8
	Others	21.9	22.0	+0.0	100.4
Non-operating	income or expenses	-48.5	-55.0	-6.4	113.3
Ordinary incor	ne	296.6	315.0	+18.3	106.2
Extraordinary	gains or losses	-22.5	-10.0	+12.5	44.3
Profit attributa parent	ble to owners of	196.4	210.0	+13.5	106.9
EBITDA		737.3	773.0	+35.6	104.8
	Transportation	458.9	488.0	+29.0	106.3
	Retail & Services	71.6	78.0	+6.3	108.9
	Real Estate & Hotels	154.6	155.0	+0.3	100.3
Others		53.7	54.0	+0.2	100.6
ROA		3.6%	3.7%	+0.1%	-
ROA (R=EBIT	DA)	7.7%	7.8%	+0.1%	-

		Figures
2028.3 Target *	2027.3 Outlook	2026.3 Outlook
3,276.0	3,125.0	3,003.0
2,019.0	2,004.0	1,968.0
654.0	497.0	463.0
507.0	497.0	456.0
96.0	126.0	116.0
410.0	391.0	381.0
178.0	173.0	184.0
80.0	70.0	66.0
124.0	122.0	110.0
30.0	28.0	23.0
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-

868.0	843.0	810.0
495.0	487.0	493.0
101.0	90.0	84.0
211.0	207.0	179.0
63.0	61.0	56.0

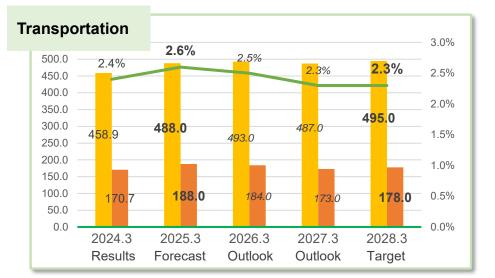
3.7%	3.6%	4.0% approx.
7.8%	7.8%	8.5% approx.

Note: "2025.3 forecast," "2026.3 outlook," and "2027.3 outlook" were calculated reflecting the changes below (from 1Q of 2025.3 onward).
 JR East Sports Co., Ltd. and GALA YUZAWA Co., Ltd. were reclassified from the "Retail & Services" segment to "Real Estate & Hotels," while JREFU Hotel Management & Consulting Co., Ltd. was reclassified from "Real Estate & Hotels" to "Retail & Services."

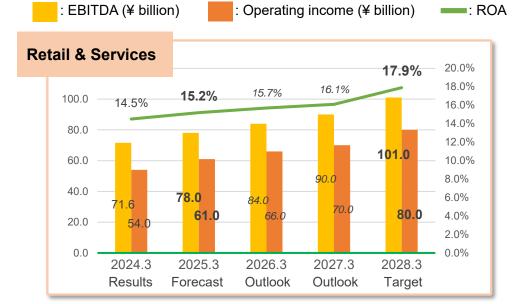
• The segment for recording revenues from rent of the space under elevated railway tracks was changed from "Transportation" to "Real Estate & Hotels."

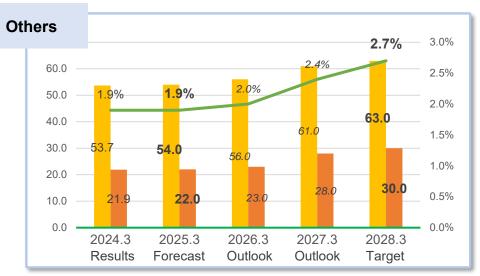
Process to reach the targets for FY2028.3 (by segment)











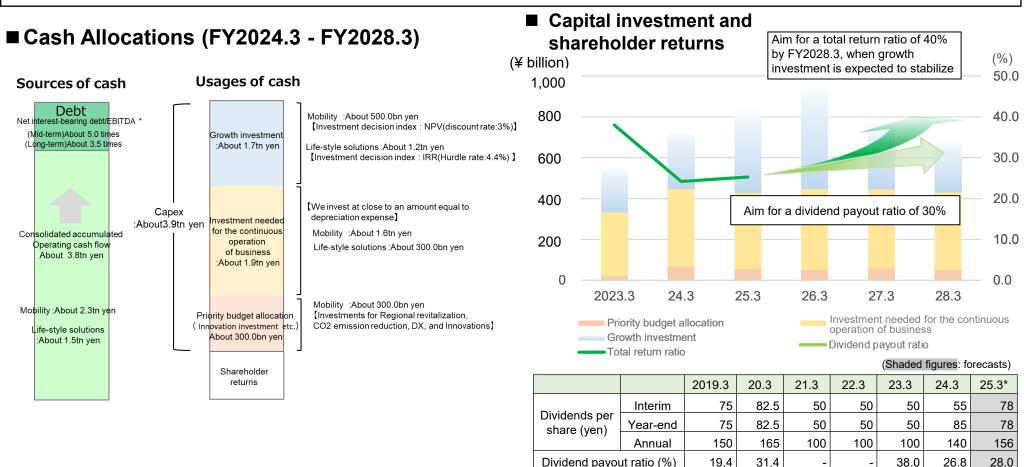
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while JREFU Hotel Management & Consulting Co., Ltd. was reclassified from "Real Estate & Hotels" to "Retail & Services."

• The segment for recording revenues from rent of the space under elevated railway tracks was changed from "Transportation" to "Real Estate & Hotels."

Usage of cash (capital investment and shareholder returns)

- To build a strong management foundation that is resilient to changes in the external environment and is capable of sustainably creating value, we plan to make capital investment of approximately ¥3.9 trillion over the five years from the fiscal year ended March 2024. As part of this, we will practice thorough selection and concentration in investment needed for the continuous operation of business, while accelerating growth investment (from FY2025.3 to FY2026.3) for the opening of TAKANAWA GATEWAY CITY and Development of the Hiromachi area around Oimachi Station (tentative name). • With regard to shareholder returns, over the medium to long term, we are targeting a total return ratio of 40% and a dividend payout ratio of 30%. We
- will steadily enhance shareholder returns, in light of trends in capital investment and business performance, and other factors.



* The dividend forecast for FY 2025.3 is planned to be 52 yen per share, including an interim dividend of 26 yen.

(On April 1, 2024, JR East conducted a 3 for 1 stock split for its common shares. The figures for FY2025.3 above represent dividends per three shares.)

Dividend payout ratio (%)

31.4

III. Strategies for FY2025.3

Note:

In this chapter, "2025.3 forecasts" of each segment were calculated reflecting the changes below (from 1Q of 2025.3 onward).

- JR East Sports Co., Ltd. and GALA YUZAWA Co., Ltd. were reclassified from the "Retail & Services" segment to "Real Estate & Hotels," while JREFU Hotel Management & Consulting Co., Ltd. was reclassified from "Real Estate & Hotels" to "Retail & Services."
- The segment for recording revenues from rent of the space under elevated railway tracks was changed from "Transportation" to "Real Estate & Hotels."



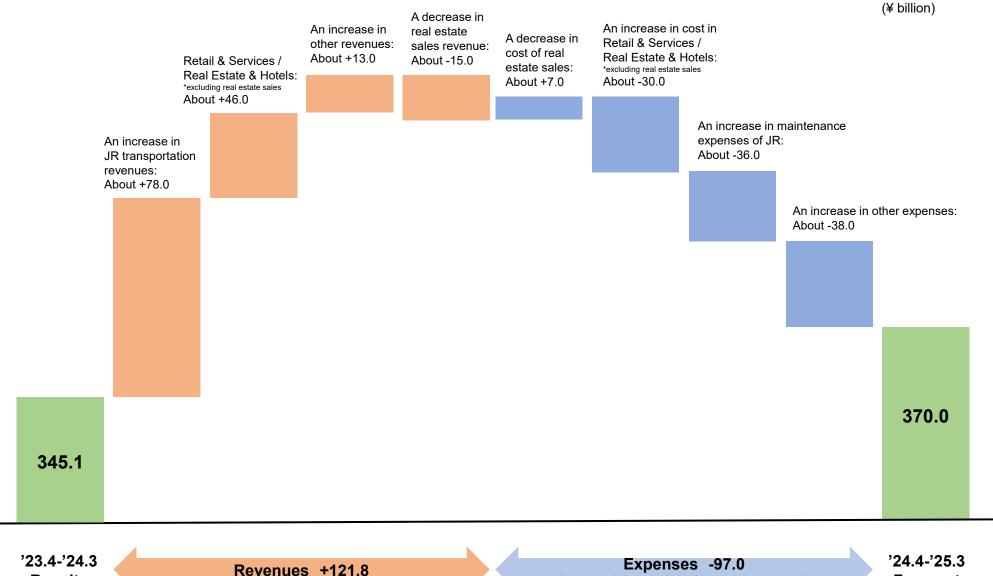
The fiscal year ending March 2025 will be a major turning point for our Group. Viewing the worldwide changes rather as opportunities to further accelerate the structural reforms that we have been carrying out across all businesses, and by charting a new growth strategy and boldly promoting it, we will make this year a period in which we pave the way to a new era.

A new initiative starting from FY2025.3 defines strategies and KPIs for each of the four segments and 14 businesses, as well as human resources, digital transformation (DX) and intellectual property, finance and investment, and ESG, which constitute the foundation for growth. Based on the strategies and KPIs, by creating value through integration and collaboration among our Group employees, we will not only create economic value (cash flow), but also contribute to addressing social issues through business activities (social value).

[Segments and Businesses					for growth]
Transportation	Retail & Services	Real Estate & Hotels	Others				
Shinkansen Conventional lines Bus Railcar manufacturing	Retail Advertising and publishing Overseas	Real estate ownership and utilization Real estate rotation Real estate management	<i>Suica</i> and finance Overseas railway Energy Construction	Human resources	Digital transformati on (DX) and intellectual property	Finance and investment	ESG

FY2025.3 Financial Forecast (consolidated) : Changes in Operating Income





Results

Forecast

Transportation (Segment policy, strategy, KPI)



External environment

- Due to the decline in the working-age population caused by the low birthrate, the industry faces two major challenges: a decrease in the number of railway/bus passengers and a shortage of workforce.
- Ever-increasing inbound demand is expected to continue over the medium to long term beyond FY2025. Regarding railway passenger revenues, commuter pass revenues will stabilize as the COVID-19 pandemic subsides. Non-commuter revenues are expected to increase due to tourism demand, including that of inbound tourists.
- Cost pressures such as soaring prices and rising labor costs are likely to continue.
- As for railcar manufacturing, while investment in new railcars tends to be suppressed, demand for remodeling work for existing railcars is firm.

Policy

- Setting safety as our top priority, steadily improve our transportation quality and customer service to earn the trust of our customers and the local community.
- Continue the transformation into a sustainable mobility business by proactively adopting new technologies, optimizing transportation modes, and streamlining the operational structure.
- Promote a strategy that leverages the strengths of our four businesses, Shinkansen, Conventional lines, Bus, and Railcar manufacturing, and put in place mechanisms to promote growth in each of these businesses.

Strategy

- Enhance the trust of the Group by strengthening our safety infrastructure, including the "safety culture" we have cultivated and safety "mechanisms" and "facilities," while taking a fundamental and proactive approach to safety.
- Maximize passenger revenues by capturing inbound demand and stimulating tourism demand.
- Promote new technology development and internal/external collaborations to ensure sustainable operations.
 KPI

	FY2025.3 (year-on-year)	FY2028.3
Railway accidents due to Group's internal causes	0 (-4)	0
Serious incidents	0 (±0)	0
Passenger revenues	1,755.0 billion yen (+78.4 bilion yen)	About 1,780.0 billion yen
Railway business fixed asset turnover	0.35 (±0)	0.35 or more

Economic value

	FY2025.3 Forecast (year-on-year)	FY2028.3 Target
Operating revenue	1,935.0 billion yen (+81.3 billion yen, 104.4%)	2,019.0 billion yen
Operating income	188.0 billion yen (+17.2 billion yen, 110.1%)	178.0 billion yen
EBITDA	488.0 billion yen (+29.0 billion yen, 106.3%)	495.0 billion yen
ROA	2.6% (+0.2pt)	2.3%
ROA (R=EBITDA)	6.7% (+0.3pt)	6.5%

Social value

- Providing society with safe, secure and reliable infrastructure
- Revitalizing the regional economy through regional mobility and tourism
- Proposing new lifestyles through the expansion of seated services
- Creating local jobs



Shinkansen business

Pursuit of ultimate safety

- Continue to enhance and pursue safety, the basic premise of the mobility business and Shinkansen transportation.
- To minimize damage in the event of a major earthquake, further promote seismic reinforcement of elevated railway track pillars and electrified pillars, as well as measures to prevent derailment of trains.
- Regarding past transportation disruptions, investigate and verify the causes internally and with the cooperation of external organizations, and take effective measures to prevent recurrence.

■ Creating new value and stimulating demand

• Work with local communities to promote two-way tourism between the Tokyo metropolitan area and other regions, focusing on the Hokuriku area, where convenience will increase with the opening of the Tsuruga extension of the Hokuriku Shinkansen line and a destination campaign is scheduled for this fall, and the Tohoku area, including the area along the Yamagata Shinkansen line, where the new Series E8 trains have been introduced.



Series E8

[Effect of the extension of the Hokuriku Shinkansen line to Tsuruga:

8.5 billion yen/year increase in revenue expected]

• Discover and disseminate unknown attractions of the Tohoku and Joshinetsu areas to increase inbound demand.

[Inbound transportation revenues: 43.0 billion yen (including conventional lines) in FY2025.3]

■ Reforming operations and promoting sustainability

- Start full-scale smart maintenance, including the introduction of "track equipment monitoring vehicles," to raise the level of safety and accuracy of Shinkansen transportation, while promoting the creation of work systems that can respond to the future decline of the workforce.
- Advance technological study and development to realize driverless operation of Shinkansen trains.

Bus business

- Maximizing profits by strengthening collaboration, including with companies outside the Group
- Expand the transportation capacity of the JR Bus brand through joint operations with other bus operators and other means to efficiently increase revenues.
- Improve operational efficiency and achieve workstyle reform through joint operations between JR Bus Kanto and JR Bus Tohoku, the expansion of crew transfer operations, and sharing of personnel and vehicles.

Conventional lines business

Pursuit of ultimate safety

- Fortify the existing safety foundation and proactively take safety measures based on essence.
- Promote prioritized maintenance of safety equipment based on risk assessment and mechanization and systems development designed to reduce human errors.

Initiatives for growth

• By utilizing the Group's network, provide services that meet the seating needs of customers, such as the introduction of Green Cars to the Chuo Rapid Line, crate destinations that meet the needs of customers including inbound tourists, and provide transportation services that allow customers to experience the "fun of travel" by operating Joyful Trains and other services.



Joyful Train "SATONO"

• Provide seamless services centered around mobility, such as customer-focused functional improvement of JR East Apps, contribution to mobility creation and regional digital transformation using Tabi-CONNECT, and expansion of JR East's real-time data integration platform (RT-DIP).

Proactive introduction of new technologies

• Realize labor-saving inspection and construction by utilizing new technologies, such as the introduction of proposal- and support-oriented, use of monitoring and point cloud data, and use of drones for high-altitude inspections.



■ Aiming to achieve sustainable railway operations

 Work to alleviate congestion by promoting the use of offpeak commuter passes, and work with other railway operators to achieve a flexible fare and charge system.

Railcar manufacturing business

- Further strengthening the cost competitiveness of the "sustina" stainless steel railcar brand to increase orders
- Transform the business model into one based on the use of rolling stock that is widely accepted in the mass market (domestic urban and regional railways, and overseas railways), allowing flexible proposals for additional specifications.
- Level out the capacity utilization of the Niitsu Plant, a plant dedicated to sustina, to achieve further cost reductions, thereby strengthening competitiveness.

Retail & Services (Segment policy, strategy, KPI)



External environment

- Due to population decline, web conferencing and remote working, how customers travel and their consumption behavior are changing.
- During the COVID-19 crisis, digital technology advanced at an accelerated pace, and the market size of e-commerce and web advertising expanded.
- Overseas, the number of Japanophiles and consumption of Japanese products have been on the rise. In the medium to long term, consumption is also expected to expand in emerging markets.

Policy

- In retail business, work to establish a business model that is feasible also in small trade areas by improving profitability of stores in the Tokyo metropolitan area by strengthening customer contact points, as well as through the effective use of station facilities and collaboration with station services.
- For advertising, establish an original business model while adopting new technologies, thereby improving lifetime value for customers.
- Aim to expand revenues in overseas markets by participating in TOD (transit-oriented urban development) projects overseas, mainly in Asia.

Strategy

- Strive to increase revenue by various means, such as expansion of NewDays convenience stores outside stations, expansion of a multi-functional locker "Multi-Ecube," store refurbishment, and JRE MALL product lineup expansion.
- Promote the "Beyond Stations" concept and work to increase advertising revenue by, for example, setting up new advertising media.
- Work to increase revenue by expanding diverse businesses related to TOD while expanding new businesses and increasing the attractiveness of existing facilities at overseas bases.

KPI

	FY2025.3 (year-on-year)	FY2028.3
Retail operating revenue	290.0 billion yen (+10.5 billion yen)	320.0 billion yen
Transportation advertising operating revenue	31.0 billion yen (+3.1 billion yen)	43.0 billion yen

Economic value

	FY2025.3 Forecast (year-on-year)	FY2028.3 Target	
Operating revenue	387.0 billion yen (+7.3 billion yen, 101.9%)	654.0 billion yen	
Operating income	61.0 billion yen (+6.9 billion yen, 112.9%)	80.0 billion yen	
EBITDA	78.0 billion yen (+6.3 billion yen, 108.9%)	101.0 billion yen	
ROA	15.2% (+0.7pt)	17.9%	
ROA (R=EBITDA)	19.6% (+0.3pt)	22.6%	

Social value

- Uncovering attractive local resources to provide new value
- Building comfortable cities and sustainable communities
- · Proposing new lifestyles to customers and local residents
- Creating local jobs



Retail business

Expanding revenue by taking on new challenges

- Promote new openings of NewDays convenience stores outside stations as well as inside stations.
- Continue to expand the business of a multi-functional locker "Multi-Ecube," which has four functions of reservation, deposit, receipt, and sending, aiming to install 1,000 units by the end of FY2027.3 through the effective use of JR East's network and partnerships with other companies.
- By working to expand the network, transportation volume, and services of the "Hakobyun" and "Hako-byun Quick" (logistics services), highlight attractiveness through regional products while working to contribute to the resolution of social issues, such as the 2024 issue of logistics, and reduction of CO₂ emissions.







マルチエキューフ "Multi-Ecube"

"Hako-byun" and "Hako-byun Quick"

Refining existing businesses

- Actively undertake refurbishment of stores that are expected to deliver particularly high profitability in the Tokyo metropolitan area.
- For the JRE MALL, in addition to increasing the number of municipalities participating in JRE MALL "Furusato Nozei" (hometown tax donations) and offering JR East's original tax return gifts, we will develop products unique to the Group, including a wide range of experience-type products such as railway work experience.



Reopened the Square Zero area

on the B1 floor of Gransta Tokyo

after refurbishment (April 2024)

Advertising and publishing business

Increasing media value

- In the "MASTRUM," integrated OOH (out-of-home advertising) marketplace, aim to increase revenues through initiatives such as programmatic sales and global business development, as well as media visualization based on proprietary data, etc.
- Based on the "Beyond Stations" concept, advance the installation and development of new media at Shinjuku, Akihabara, Ueno stations, etc. to make station spaces immersive.



• Revitalize train media with "TRAIN TV", which delivers original TV-quality content.

Making station space immersive (Shinjuku Station)

Social business

 Serve as the secretariat for the Japan Tourism Agency's Project to Promote Expansion and Quality Improvement of Inbound Consumption by Providing Special Experiences, etc., and monetize solutions to local issues in cooperation with local governments and businesses.

Overseas business

Establishing a TOD business model

- Increase revenues from commercial facilities near train stations, including J's Gate Dining in Malaysia, whose business we took over in March 2024.
- Consider participating in station building renovation and station area real estate projects in Thailand, Indonesia, etc.

Gaining Japanophiles from overseas

- Expand Japan's regional promotion contracting business using overseas business bases such as hotels, fitness gyms, and EKINAKA facilities.
- Aim for synergies with the acquisition of members of the JAPAN RAIL Club, a subscription-based cross-border e-commerce platform linked to JR EAST PASS sales promotion.



J's Gate Dining in Malaysia



Taiwan JEXER FITNESS & SPA first store 37

Real Estate & Hotels (Segment policy, strategy, KPI)



External environment

- Due to the declining population and increasingly digitalized social and economic activities, consumer behavior and workstyles are changing dramatically.
- In addition to rising construction costs, uncertainties such as rising interest rates and exchange rate fluctuations are also expected.
- The number of foreign visitors to Japan in the fiscal year ending March 2025 is likely to exceed the number before COVID-19 pandemic, and the growth trend in inbound tourism is expected to continue.

Policy

- Expand the scope of development and real estate business linked to the railway network, and promote town development over a wider area.
- Aim to create new value (creating lifestyles) by developing services that leverage the Group's comprehensive strengths.

Strategy

- Steadily proceed with large-scale development projects such as TAKANAWA GATEWAY CITY to improve the international competitiveness of the Tokyo area, and promote exchanges and flows of people.
- In the shopping center (SC) and office businesses, seek to improve profitability by promoting renovations and building relationships with tenants.
- Expand the "real estate rotation" and "real estate management" businesses with a focus on "ownership and utilization" to achieve business growth that is compatible with the financial soundness of the segment as a whole, while also increasing value through the Group's unique value-added features.

KPI

	FY2025.3 (year-on-year)	FY2028.3
SC, offices, hotels operating revenue	365.0 billion yen (+23.2 billion yen)	440.0 billion yen
Asset management scale in real estate fund business	300.0 billion yen in total (+68.8 billion yen)	400.0 billion yen in total

Economic value

	FY2025.3 Forecast (year-on-year)	FY2028.3 Target
Operating revenue	429.0 billion yen (+23.1 billion yen, 105.7%)	507.0 billion yen
Operating income	101.0 billion yen (+0.8 billion yen, 100.8%)	124.0 billion yen
EBITDA	155.0 billion yen (+0.3 billion yen, 100.3%)	211.0 billion yen
ROA	4.8% (-0.5pt)	4.4%
ROA (R=EBITDA)	7.3% (-0.8pt)	7.5%

- Attractive town development in cooperation with local residents
- A world-class, cutting-edge, attractive city
- Town development that considers the environment, disaster prevention, and communities



Real estate ownership and utilization business

■ Large-scale development

- The opening of TAKANAWA GATEWAY CITY, a large-scale development project designed to enhance the value of the entire area centered on the station, is scheduled for the end of the fiscal year ending March 2025, aimed at creating value and appeal that can be shared globally.
- Steadily proceed with the development of the Hiromachi area around Oimachi Station (end of FY2026.3) and other projects to strengthen the revenue base of the Group.







TAKANAWA GATEWAY CITY Appearance Center for Cultural Innovations (tentative name)

Development of the Hiromachi area around Oimachi Station (tentative name)

Shopping center

- In April 2024, EATo LUMINE held its grand opening inside the ticket gates on the B1 floor of Shinjuku Station (toward the west ticket gate). We will continuously promote the Tokyo Metropolis Project.
- Along with a new Nakano Station building constructed, a new commercial facility operated by Atre will open inside the station, in 2026 or later.

Office

• In addition to leasing office buildings such as TAKANAWA GATEWAY CITY, which will form a new revenue base, strengthen relationships with existing tenants to secure stable income.

Hotel

- Increase profitability through expansion of the hotel network and the renovation of existing hotels.
- Obtain external revenue through sales of Hotel B4T's Suica key system.





EATo LUMINE

New Nakano Station building Ho development (2026 or later)

Hotel B4T Akabane

Real estate rotation business

Housing sales

• Accelerate business development centered on joint sales with developers, such as the Funabashi Ichiba-cho Project (tentative name) with Tokyu Fudosan Holdings, with whom we have concluded a comprehensive cooperation agreement.





Musashi-urawa Proiect

Funabashi Ichiba-cho Project (tentative name)

■ Income-making real estate sales

• Undertake income-making property development on the Company's sites in collaboration with external partners while also acquiring real estate properties from external owners mainly in the Tokyo metropolitan area to implement a new business model that aims to increase their value in JR East's own unique manner, aiming to achieve average annual sales of 20 to 30 billion yen.

Real estate management business

Expanding real estate fund

- Expand the scale of asset management and increasing the asset management fees received.
- Seek to capture a wide range of profitmaking opportunities through investments in real estate funds.



Example of property managed by a real estate fund

Demonstrating the Group's combined strengths

• Promote developing unique services by leveraging our comprehensive strengths, including mobility.



Suica and finance business

Exte	erna	
envi	ron	ment

• With the advances in DX, such as cloud technology and generative AI, competition is intensifying in the digital and data business.

• By promoting thorough digitization of the Group's customer contact points, centered on *Suica* and JRE POINT, seek to increase lifetime value and maximize cash inflows through integration and collaboration within the Group.

Strategy

- Reform of Suica
- Provide seamless service by expanding *Suica* to the Nagano area and expanding the use of multifunctional IC cards for regional transit.
- Introduce and deploy a cloud-based ticket gate system to provide new Suica services.
- Expand e-money business by continuously promoting its usage and increasing member stores.

Credit cards and financial services

- Launch the JRE BANK service to expand cash inflows in new markets.
- Expand the use of View Card within the Group, and increase external revenues by promoting its use in town.



Service begins in May 2024.

Advancement in digital business

- Introduce integrated ID to improve the customer experience (CX) of digital services.
- Further expand data business by utilizing real-time data.

KPI

	FY2025.3 (year-on-year)	FY2028.3
IT & Suica operating revenue	63.3 billion yen (+1.7 billion yen)	75.9 billion yen
Highest number of monthly transactions of <i>Suica</i> and other forms of e-money	325 million/month (+27 million/month)	600 million/month

Overseas railway business

External environment

- Demand for infrastructure remains strong, especially in Asia and other emerging countries.
- With increasing destabilization of international situations, geopolitical risks and uncertainties in the global economy are rising.

Policy

• By leveraging the Group's comprehensive strength, develop highquality, highly efficient railway infrastructure systems and aim to provide more affluent lifestyles, mainly in Asia.

Strategy

Human resource development and technological enhancement through overseas projects

• Develop professional human resources through practical experience in areas such as project management, international standardization, commercial affairs, and new fields (digital transformation and public transportation-oriented development).



• Through overseas training, etc., expand and develop a base of employees who will be active in international business.

Human resource development and technological enhancement

Business development leveraging the Group's comprehensive strengths

 In the India High-Speed Railway Project, steadily progress with preparations for the start of operations through Japan-India intergovernmental consultations and support for design, tender, construction supervision, etc.



and construction), boldly taking on new projects, mainly in O&M (operation and maintenance).
Through strategic international standardization activities, promote Japanese railway technology internationally and

expand business opportunities for the Group overseas.

• While being involved in EPC (engineering, procurement,

India High-Speed Railway Construction of Surat Station

Sustainable management of overseas railway projects

• Work to increase profitability by closely analyzing risks through international business risk checks and securing returns commensurate with risks taken.

KPI

	FY2025.3 (year-on-year)	FY2028.3
Net sales outside the Group (in total since FY2025.3)	10.7 billion yen (+0.5 billion yen)	45.0 billion yen in total



Energy business

External environment

- The electricity market is becoming increasingly diverse following the electricity market liberalization although there are concerns about decrease in development sites and high and rising construction costs.
- Energy business strategies are required to incorporate renewable energy due to uncertainties in fuel prices.

Policy

• To achieve net zero CO₂ emissions for the Group, advance the development of renewable energy power plants using solar and wind power.

Strategy

Development of renewable energy

 Increase the proportion of renewable energy in electricity consumption mainly through the development of wind power generation projects.

[FY2025: Onitaro-Yama Wind Power Plant in Fukushima Prefecture]

- Seek to achieve the Zero Carbon Challenge 2050 goal and improve profitability through participating in new projects.
- Aim to achieve secure 700,000 kW of renewable energy source by the fiscal year ending March 2031, including the acquisition of non-fossil certificates.

KPI

	FY2025.3 (year-on-year)	FY2028.3
Development of renewable energy	194,000kW (+41,000 kW)	366,000 kW

Economic value

	FY2025.3 Forecast (year-on-year)	FY2028.3 Target
Operating revenue	101.0 billion yen (+9.9 billion yen, 110.9%)	96.0 billion yen
Operating income	22.0 billion yen (+0.0 billion yen, 100.4%)	30.0 billion yen
EBITDA	54.0 billion yen (+0.2 billion yen, 100.6%)	63.0 billion yen
ROA	1.9% (+0pt)	2.7%
ROA (R=EBITDA)	4.6% (-0.2pt)	5.6%

Construction business

External environment

- While there are industry-wide issues that need to be addressed. such as soaring labor and material costs and labor shortages, progress in DX is also remarkable.
- **Policv**
- · By leveraging the technological capabilities of our construction business, contribute to the development of the Group, the revitalization of cities and regions, and the strengthening of Japan's international competitiveness.

Strategy

Steadily implementing projects and improving productivity

- Steadily advance projects that contribute to the growth of the Group and the revitalization of cities and regions, such as the construction of the Haneda Airport Access Line (tentative name), station improvements and peripheral development for Shibuya, Shinagawa, Shinjuku, etc., and the construction of the Yamagata Shinkansen west-bound approach line at Fukushima Station.
- Promote digital transformation, technological development, etc. to further improve productivity, reduce costs, and shorten construction periods.

Increasing sales outside the Group through the expansion of business areas

 Aim to increase revenues from outside the Group through design work, etc. by utilizing the Group's technological capabilities, while venturing into new fields such as the PMCM business*, where demand is expected to grow in the future due to the shortage of

engineers and other factors.

* PMCM business: An abbreviation for project management and construction management business, which is a business in which a company with technical expertise in project survey, design, construction, operational management, etc., provides support to the project owner (ordering party).

KPI

Ne

	FY2025.3 (year-on-year)	FY2028.3
et sales outside the Group	8.3 billion yen (+0.0 billion yen)	9.6 billion ven

- Pursuit of the enrichment of communities, cities, and the international community
- Attractive town development in cooperation with local residents
- Harmony with the environment, coexistence with local communities, and carbon neutrality



Human resources

Strategy

- Creating new engagement between employees and the Company
- Create new engagement between employees and the Company by increasing job satisfaction and making working conditions more employee friendly through the evolution of work, work style, and workplace.
- DE&I (Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion) management
- Make group-wide efforts to expand diversity (in values and attributes) in recruitment and personnel operations and to promote work-style reform to achieve diversity and higher productivity at the same time.
- Building a mechanism to increase technical capabilities and create innovation
- Toward securing both people with strong expertise and their liquidity within the Group, promote the acquisition of people with strong technical capabilities and knowledge from outside and re-assignment of human resources to key growth fields through open applications, etc., while redesigning personnel operations in order to ensure that expert employees will be able to demonstrate their abilities more fully within the Group.
- Consider a new personnel system that supports employees who work actively by demonstrating their strong technical capabilities and expertise.

Implementing heath management in practice

• Based on the JR East Group Health Vision 2029, implement new group-wide health promotion initiatives, including visualization of health conditions using a health information system.

KPI

	FY2025.3 (year-on-year)	FY2028.3
Ratio of managers hired as experienced personnel [non-consolidated]	19.5% (-0.4pt)	20%
Ratio of Women to managers [non-consolidated]	8.2% (+0.4pt)	10%
Rate of male employees taking childcare leave [non-consolidated]	62.5% (+0.6pt)	85% or more
Allocation of human resources to priority growth areas (in total since FY2024.3)	800 people in total (+392)	2,000 people or more in total
O a stat walks		

Social value

- · Providing an environment where diverse individuals can play active roles
- Providing enriched lifestyles and new value to society through a "people-focused" approach
- Active engagement of employees to contribute to the development of the local community

Digital transformation (DX) and intellectual property

Strategy

- Realizing social innovation by combining technological fields with information fields
- Create new values through transformation of services and operations using digital technologies by focusing on the needs of customers, society, and employees.
- Aim to realize technological innovation that is ahead of our time by using IoT, big data, Al, etc., in order to create new values.
- Open innovation and intellectual property
- · Promote the WaaS Co-creation Consortium initiative toward realizing well-being.
- Promote strategic acquisition, effective use, etc., of intellectual property.
- Systems and infrastructure
- Establish and implement data management guidelines at all group companies to strengthen data governance.
- Introduce new OA terminal security (endpoint security) at all group companies to raise security levels.

Development of human resources with strong digital literacy

 Develop diverse human resources with strong digital literacy through various initiatives, such as "DX professionals" working to develop a culture to promote digital transformation and "DICe," an organization that promotes the effective use of data and agile development.

KPI

	FY2025.3 (year-on-year)	FY2028.3
Solving social issues and increasing revenue through open innovation (in total since FY2025.3)	3 cases (+1)	20 cases in total
Practical introduction of products developed by front-line employees (in total since FY2025.3)	25 cases (+4)	100 cases in total
Number of patent applications etc. related to DX and services (in total since FY2025.3)	38 cases (+4作)	175 cases in total
Endpoint security coverage rate	100% (+3pt)	-
Number of newly developed employees with strong digital literacy (in total since FY2024.3)	13,500 people in total (+7,400)	30,000 people in total

- · Provision of new services to society by using digital technology
- Strategic system construction and security assurance for a safer society
- Realizing a well-being-focused society through open innovation

Foundation for growth (Strategy and KPI)



Finance and investment

Strategy

- Consolidated cash flow management from a medium- to long-term perspective
- Advance the portfolio strategy by formulating specific strategies for each business and by considering the optimal allocation of management resources in conjunction with the strategies.
- Create a mechanism that enables the bottom-up implementation of cross-sectional efforts by all Group employees, through area management and asset efficiency improvement initiatives at each workplace.



Example of a store set up utilizing vacant space under construction (Shibuya Station)

- Strategic initiatives toward consolidated cash flow management and the pursuit of financial soundness
- Promote coordination of projects across segments, such as station improvements and peripheral development integrated with community development plans.
- Diversify funding sources through foreign bonds and ESG financing, etc., to ensure stable funding for the Group.

KPI

	FY2025.3	FY2028.3
Amount of growth investment (in total since FY2024.3)	-	1.7 trillion yen in total
Maintaining credit ratings	Domestic bonds: AA+ Foreign bonds: A+	Domestic bonds: AA+ Foreign bonds: A+

Social value

- · Providing society with safe, reliable infrastructure
- Providing new environment-friendly services and pursuing community enrichment
- · Lively employees creating vitality for local communities

ESG

Strategy

Environment

- In order to achieve the goals of Zero-Carbon Challenge 2050, we will make environmental investments worth approximately 130 billion yen in total on a consolidated bases during the five fiscal years through FY2028.3.
- Establish reduction targets to obtain certification for greenhouse gas emission reduction targets (SBT) under the Paris Agreement, and contribute to the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions not only by the Group itself but also in the supply chain of the entire Group operations.
- Proceed with the analysis and disclosure of nature-related risks and opportunities in our Group business operations in line with TNFD recommendations endorsed in March 2024.
- Society
- Promote the creation of a vibrant society by horizontally communicating good practices (model cases) for solving regional issues across the Group.
- Encourage employees across the Group to acquire service care-fitter qualifications, and cultivate a hospitality-oriented mindset among employees.
- Governance
- For human rights violation risks, utilize risk management mechanisms and conduct human rights due diligence through appropriate procedures based on international norms and standards.

KPI

	FY2025.3 (year-on-year)	FY2028.3
CO_2 emissions of the JR East Group (compared to FY2014.3)	-	50% reduction *FY2031.3
Measures to increase tourism and revitalize regions in cooperation with local communities (in total since FY2024.3)	30 cases per year	150 cases in total
Service care-fitter qualification acquisition rate	47%	50%
Penetration of initiatives related to human rights, the environment, and other issues among major suppliers (supply chain penetration percentage) [non-consolidated]	85% (+18.3pt)	100%

- Realization of carbon neutrality and stable energy supply
- Working in partnership with local communities to develop vibrant towns
- Trust from the local community and customers

IV. Reference Materials

Note:

In this chapter, "2025.3 forecasts," "2026.3 outlook," and "2027.3 outlook" of each segment were calculated reflecting the changes below (from 1Q of 2025.3 onward).

- JR East Sports Co., Ltd. and GALA YUZAWA Co., Ltd. were reclassified from the "Retail & Services" segment to "Real Estate & Hotels," while JREFU Hotel Management & Consulting Co., Ltd. was reclassified from "Real Estate & Hotels" to "Retail & Services."
- The segment for recording revenues from rent of the space under elevated railway tracks was changed from "Transportation" to "Real Estate & Hotels."

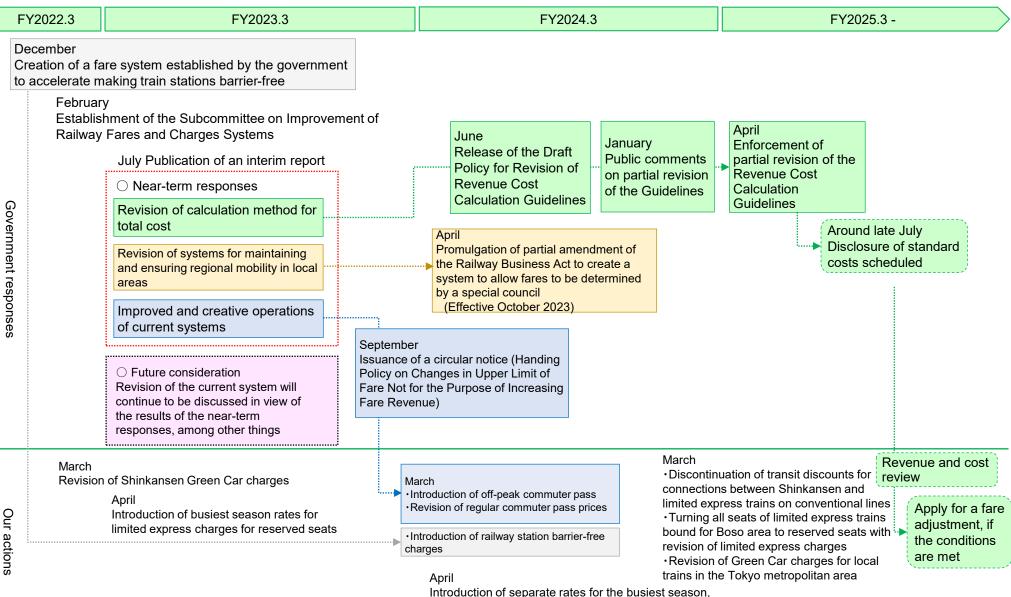


			Shinkansen	Conventional Lines		
Fares	Single tickets	Payment for single transportation	Approval			
Basic fare tickets	Commuter pass	Payment for ride as much as customers want in the predefined route for set period of time	 (i) approval for the ceiling (upper limit) (ii) prior notification before setting or changing under the ceiling 			
	Express Charges	Payment for the speedy transportation (using the express train etc.)	Approval (i) approval for the ceiling (ii) prior notification before setting or changing under the ceiling	Prior notification only		
Extra Charges	Seat Charges	Payment for reserved seat	Prior notification only	Prior notification only		
	Other Charges Green Car Charges etc.	Payment for the special facilities (Green Car etc.)	Prior notification only	Prior notification only		

Notes: Subject to prior notification, we can set or change the special fares and free passes under the approved price.

Progress in the Revision of Railway Fares and Charges Systems





the busy season, and off season for Green Cars, GranClass, etc.

October

Revision of Green Car and reserved seat charges for Joyful Trains

Progress in the Revision of Railway Fares and Charges Systems



○ Outline of the partial revision of the Revenue Cost Calculation Guidelines

(Prepared by JR East based on MLIT data)

ltem	Before revision	After revision			
Depreciation	 Depreciation accounted for in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting in the Railway Industry 	 In addition to the current calculation method, any of the following methods are acceptable: (1) Annual average amount over up to six years, including regular years (2) Addition of accelerated depreciation of the undepreciated balance of existing facilities over regular y under certain assumptions (★) * Subject to prior and after-the-fact checks by the MLIT on planned and actual amounts of capital investment, the amount that can be accelerated, etc. 			
Research and development expenses	 Determined by <u>the yardstick method</u> Method of determining cost based on standard cost calculated by comparing six JR companies 	 Not determined by the yardstick method (★) * Subject to prior and after-the-fact checks by the MLIT on planned and actual amounts, etc. 			
Personnel and other expenses	 Nationwide uniform assessment Inflation rate is determined by the weighted average of the actual rate of increase in personnel expenses of railway operators and the consumer price index. 	 With adjustments for regional differences The inflation rate is determined by the weighted average of the Basic Survey on Wage Structure (by industry / by region) or the actual rate of increase in personnel expenses of railway operators and the consumer price index (excluding fresh food and energy, by region). * A five-year simple average is used for the index (a period deemed reasonable in the event of a sudden change in economic trends in the immediate past) (★) 			
Energy expenses	 No document rule on inflation rate Ancillary electricity expenses are determined by the yardstick method 	 The inflation rate is determined by the consumer price index (electricity: electric bill, nationwide; engine: gasoline, by region). Ancillary electricity expenses are not determined by the yardstick method. * A five-year simple average is used for the index (a period deemed reasonable in the event of a sudden change in economic trends in the immediate past) (★) 			
Extraordinary losses	 Extraordinary gains and losses are excluded from cost. 	 Extraordinary losses arising from large-scale disasters can be recognized (*). * Excluding insurance claim income, average over the last 10 years 			
Impairment loss	 No document rule on the treatment at the time of application of impairment accounting 	 When impairment accounting is applied, depreciation as per tax declaration can be recognized (★). * Subject to review of individual circumstances 			
Business return (Shareholder's equity)	 Simple average of bond subscription yields, all-industry average return on equity, and required rate of dividend (11%) 	 In accordance with the calculation method adopted in the electricity and gas sectors Calculated by reflecting the market sensitivity of the industry in bond subscription yields and the average return on equity of all industries 			
Income taxes	Calculated based on a 10% dividend	\bigcirc Calculated based on the tax base determined by deducting interest paid from the amount of business return			

 $[\]bigcirc$ Our plan

• We are closely examining revenues and costs based on the revised Revenue Cost Calculation Guidelines, and, if the conditions are met, will promptly submit an application for fare revision.

• We will continue to submit requests to the government toward the revision of regulated fares and fees and the realization of a simple and flexible system.



Numerical targets of FY2028.3 (for "Move Up" 2027)

(¥ bi	(¥ billion)		200 4 204 0	204 4 205 2	207 4 200 0	'27.4-'28.3 / '23.4-'24.3		
			'23.4-'24.3 '24.4-'25.3 Results Forecast		'27.4-'28.3 Targets	Increase/ Decrease	%	
Ope	rating Revenu	ies	2,730.1	2,852.0	3,276.0	+545.8	120.0	
	Mobility	Transportation	1,853.6	1,935.0	2,019.0	+165.3	108.9	
	life stude	Retail & Services	379.6	387.0	654.0	+274.3	172.3	
	Life-style Solutions	Real Estate & Hotels	405.8	429.0	507.0	+101.1	124.9	
	Solutions	Others	91.0	101.0	96.0	+4.9	105.4	
Ope	rating Income		345.1	370.0	410.0	+64.8	118.8	
	Mobility	Transportation	170.7	188.0	178.0	+7.2	104.3	
	life stude	Retail & Services	54.0	61.0	80.0	+25.9	148.1	
	Life-style Solutions	Real Estate & Hotels	100.1	101.0	124.0	+23.8	123.8	
	Solutions	Others	21.9	22.0	30.0	+8.0	136.9	
	Adjustment		-1.6	-2.0	-2.0	-0.3		

* The segment breakdown of operating revenues: operating revenues from outside customers

	'23.4-'24.3 Results	'28.3 Targets
Consolidated operating cash flow	688.1 billion yen	Total amount for 5 years ('23.4-'28.3) 3,800.0 billion yen
Consolidated ROA (%)	3.6%	4.0% approx.
Net interest-bearing debt / EBITDA (times)	6.2 times	About 5.0 times in the medium term About 3.5 times in the long term

■ Appendix (Breakdown of Cash Flows from Operating Activities and Capital Expenditures (consolidated))

The breakdown of operating cash flow into Mobility and Life-style Solutions is calculated based on certain assumptions.

(¥ billion)	Cash Flows from Operating Activities	Capital Expenditures (consolidated)
	Total amount for 5 years ('23.4-'28.3)	Total amount for 5 years('23.4-'28.3)
Mobility	2,290.0	2,360.0
Life-style Solutions	1,510.0	1,530.0
Total	3,800.0	3,890.0

Forecast for Operating Revenues / Operating Income



* Consolidated operating revenues: Net sales to external customers

Consolidated operating income: Net sales to external customers + Inter-segment sales - Purchase from external parties - Inter-segment purchase

* Advertisement revenues and incomes of JR East, which were previously reported in the transportation segment, have been reported in the retail & services segment since FY2022.3 49

* The new accounting standard for revenue recognition has been applied since FY2022.3



Change in Interest-bearing Debt Balance (consolidated)

(¥ billion)	As of	As of	'24.3				
	'19.3 (Results)	'20.3 (Results)	'21.3 (Results)	'22.3 (Results)	'23.3 (Results)	(Results)	Average term to maturity
Bonds	1,730.1 (1.61%)	1,710.2 (1.56%)	2,020.3 (1.32%)	2,542.6 (1.14%)	2,975.8 (1.13%)	3,114.9 (1.24%)	15.20
(Foreign Bonds ratio)	13.8%	14.0%	11.8%	17.4%	27.0%	32.4%	
Long-term loans	1,101.4 (1.06%)	1,124.3 (0.99%)	1,291.8 (0.89%)	1,451.4 (0.82%)	1,483.9 (0.84%)	1,442.2 (0.87%)	6.05
Long-term liabilities incurred for purchase of railway facilities	332.1 (6.49%)	327.7 (6.51%)	323.0 (6.53%)	318.8 (6.54%)	315.0 (6.54%)	311.0 (6.55%)	17.70
Other interest- bearing debt	_	150.0 (-)	715.0 (0.11%)	390.7 (-0.00%)	_	0.0 (7.93%)	0.23
Total	3,163.7 (1.93%)	3,312.3 (1.79%)	4,350.2 (1.38%)	4,703.7 (1.31%)	4 ,774.8 (1.40%)	4,868.2 (1.47%)	12.65
Net interest- bearing debt	2,899.9	3,158.5	4,152.2	4,532.7	4,559.8	4,587.4	_

[Notes]

1. Net interest-bearing debt = Balance of consolidated interest-bearing debt – Balance of consolidated cash and cash equivalents

2. Other interest-bearing debt and average interest rate as of the end of March 2024 are attributable to the inclusion of GATES PCM CONSTRUCTION LTD. in the scope of consolidation.

Top : Balance Bottom: Average interest rate



Change in Capital Expenditures (consolidated)

()	¥ billio	n)	'18.4-'19.3 (Results)	'19.4-'20.3 (Results)	'20.4-'21.3 (Results)	'21.4-'22.3 (Results)	'22.4-'23.3 (Results)	'23.4-'24.3 (Results)	'24.4-'25.3 (Plans)
		Growth investment	93.5	110.7	79.0	57.2	74.1	88.0	74.0
	Mobility	Investment needed for the continuous operation of business	307.2	313.3	309.9	251.3	279.4	301.4	312.0
	oility	Priority budget allocation (Investment in innovation, etc.)	31.4	46.7	62.6	44.0	19.4	47.1	38.0
		Total	432.3	470.7	451.6	352.6	373.0	436.6	424.0
	Life	Growth investment	160.5	234.5	212.4	147.9	147.7	207.4	313.0
	Life-style so	Investment needed for the continuous operation of business	32.5	32.2	26.3	18.3	31.5	65.9	66.0
	solutions	Priority budget allocation (Investment in innovation, etc.)	4.4	3.0	1.8	1.0	2.3	3.6	16.0
	SI	Total	197.6	269.8	240.6	167.3	181.6	277.0	395.0
		Growth investment	254.1	345.2	291.4	205.1	221.9	295.4	387.0
		Investment needed for the continuous operation of business	339.8	345.5	336.3	269.6	311.0	367.4	378.0
		(Depreciation)	368.7	374.7	388.8	392.6	389.8	392.1	403.0
		Priority budget allocation (Investment in innovation, etc.)	35.9	49.7	64.4	45.1	21.7	50.8	54.0
		Total	629.9	740.6	692.2	520.0	554.7	713.7	819.0

* For the FY 2021.3 and earlier fiscal years,

the investment amounts before the change in the business segment classification of JR East's advertising and publicity have been presented.

Traffic Volume and Passenger revenues / Major expenses (non-consolidated) - FY2025.3 Plans



Traffic Volume and Passenger revenues

Traffic Volume (million p <u>assenger kilo</u> meters)				Passenger Revenues(¥ billion)					
		'23.4-'24.3	'24.4-'25.3	Changes	'23.4-'24.3	'24.4-'25.3	Char	nges	Main factors behind changes
		Results	Plans	%	Results	Plans	Increase /Decrease	%	Main factors benind changes
Shir	kansen	21,230	23,132	109.0	537.4	580.7	+43.2	108.1	
	Commuter Passes	1,670	1,684	100.9	22.5	22.7	+0.1	100.7	
	Non-commuter Passes	19,560	21,447	109.6	514.8	558.0	+43.1	108.4	 Increase in railway transportation: +34.0 Extension of the Hokuriku Shinkansen to Tsuruga: +8.0 Rebound from natural disasters: +2.0 Inbound tourism: +1.5 Rebound from leap year: -1.0
Con	ventional Lines	98,470	100,588	102.2	1,139.1	1,174.3	+35.1	103.1	
	Commuter Passes	60,237	60,577	100.6	395.3	395.3	-0.0	100.0	
	Non-commuter Passes	38,232	40,011	104.7	743.8	779.0	+35.1	104.7	 Increase in railway transportation: +30.0 Rebound from natural disasters: +3.5 Inbound tourism: +3.0 Rebound from leap year: -2.5
Tota		119,701	123,721	103.4	1,676.5	1,755.0	+78.4	104.7	
	Commuter Passes	61,908	62,261	100.6	417.8	418.0	+0.1	100.0	
	Non-commuter Passes	57,792	61,459	106.3	1,258.7	1,337.0	+78.2	106.2	

Major expenses (non-consolidated)

(¥ billion)	'23.4-'24.3	'24.4-'25.3	Chan	ges		
	Results	Plans	Increase /Decrease	%	Main factors behind changes	
Personnel expenses	406.5	397.0	-9.5	97.6	[-] Decrease in number of employees [+] Rise in wages	
Non-personnel expenses	812.2	867.0	+54.7	106.7	 [+] Impact of soaring prices and impact of rising labor costs [+] Implementation of maintenance which was controlled while ensuring safety during the COVID-19 	
Depreciation	321.4	328.0	+6.5	102.0	[+] Increase in capital investment	52

Measures related to fares and charges



Off-peak commuter pass

(Since Mar. 2023)

Outline: While relieving congestion and supporting diverse workstyles, we aim to achieve a structural reform and a flexible cost structure over the medium to long term by adopting a transportation timetable that is suited to the actual use of services.

Revision: Commuter pass inside the specified train service area

Regular commuter pass (no restriction on time of use): Price up by approx. 1.4% Off-peak commuter pass: Price down by approx. 10%

From March 25, 2024:

5% JRE POINT return on off-peak commuter pass purchases

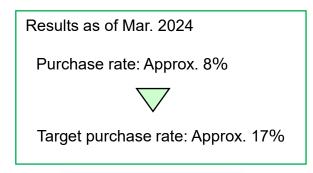
From October 1, 2024:

Price revision of off-peak commuter passes to make them approximately 15% cheaper than regular commuter passes (About a 20% discount when combined with a JRE POINT return at the time of purchase)

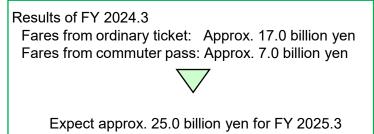
Barrier-free charges

(Since Mar. 2023)

- Outline: To make station facilities such as platform doors and elevators barrier-free, part of cost for installing such facilities is borne by passengers.
- Revisions: Following revisions inside the specified train service area
 - Basic fare tickets: Price up by 10 yen per ride
 - Commuter pass: Depends on effective period (price up by 280 yen for one-month pass)
- Reference: Planned investment in barrier-free facilities: Approx. 590.0 billion yen (FY2022.3 to FY2036.3) Expected amount of collection by the revision: Approx. 299.0 billion yen (FY2024.3 to FY2036.3)

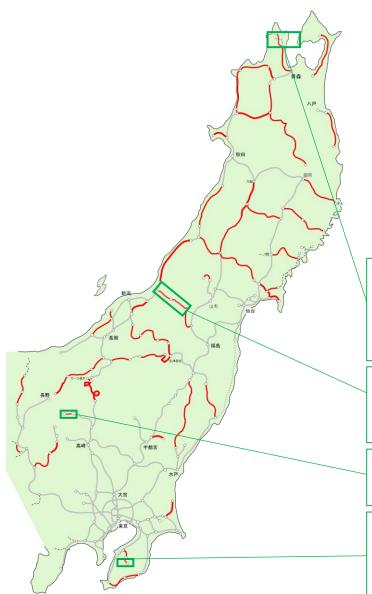






Status of discussion on regional local lines





■ Status of disclosure of operating results by line segment

- •Outline: Operating results of each line segment with average passenger figures of less than 2,000 persons/day in FY2020.3 (—— line segments) have been disclosed.
- •Purpose: To help local residents to understand the status of use and discuss optimal transportation system with them

Operating results

FY	2020.3	2022.3	2023.3
Passenger revenues	5.8	3.6	4.1
Operating Expenses	75.2	71.6	69.0
Operating Loss	-69.3	-67.9	-64.8

The balance figures may not agree with the calculation results of passenger revenues and operating expenses due to rounding.

Status of discussion with local governments

- Line : Tsugaru Line, Kanita-Minmaya section (operation currently suspended)
- Status: Imabetsu-Sotogahama Regional Transportation Review Meeting (from January 2023, held eight times)
 - JR Tsugaru Line Mayors' Conference (from February 2024, held twice)
 - JR East proposes to municipalities along the line a switch to automobile-based transportation (buses and on-demand transportation)

Line : Yonesaka Line, Imaizumi-Sakamachi section (operation currently suspended) Status: JR Yonesaka Line Restoration Meeting established (from September 2023, held twice) Started discussions with relevant municipalities on two issues: "burden of restoration costs" and "measures necessary for stable operation in the future."

- Line : Agatsuma Line, Naganohara Kusatsuguchi-Omae section
- Status: In March 2024, submitted a request to the prefecture and municipalities along the line for discussion on a comprehensive transportation system for the area.
- Line : Kururi Line, Kururi-Kazusakameyama section
- Status: JR Kururi Line Regional Transportation Review Meeting established (from May 2023, held three times)

Conducted a survey on the actual transportation status of residents along the line, and confirmed that the majority of residents do not use public transportation.

Operation cost* reduction in railway business



* Operating expenses less depreciation and taxes and dues

(¥ billion) Major structural reform activities in "Move Up" 2027	Result of reduction through FY2024.3	Expected amount of reduction through FY2025.3	Forecast as of 2024.3	¥100.0billion
 Streamline operation systems Establish an efficient sales system, etc. Increase driver-only operation, improve the configuration of JR ticket offices 	-29.0	> -31.0	-39.0	Approx. ¥85.0 billion
Timetable revisions, etc.	-4.0	-4.0	-6.0	(of which approx.
 Smart maintenance (CBM, etc.) System changes (use of new technologies, etc.) Revise fundamental components of operations (timetable revisions to move up the departure times of the last trains, etc.) Streamline facilities (reduce the number of ticket machines, etc.) 	-17.0	-17.0	-21.0	¥83.0 billion have been reduced by FY2024.3
 Establish efficient sales systems (ticketless, etc.) Structural reform of group companies (multi-tasking, etc.) Provide services in accordance with the usage (outsourcing of security services, guidance services, etc.) 	-33.0	-33.0	-34.0	
Total reduction of operating costs	-83.0	-85.0	-100.0	Expected amount Latest forecast of reduction of reduction for through FY2025.3 FY2028.3

We have been working to reduce the operation cost of railway business in FY2028.3 by 100 billion yen as compared with FY2020.3, and it is expected that we will achieve the goal at this point already.

TAKANAWA GATEWAY CITY





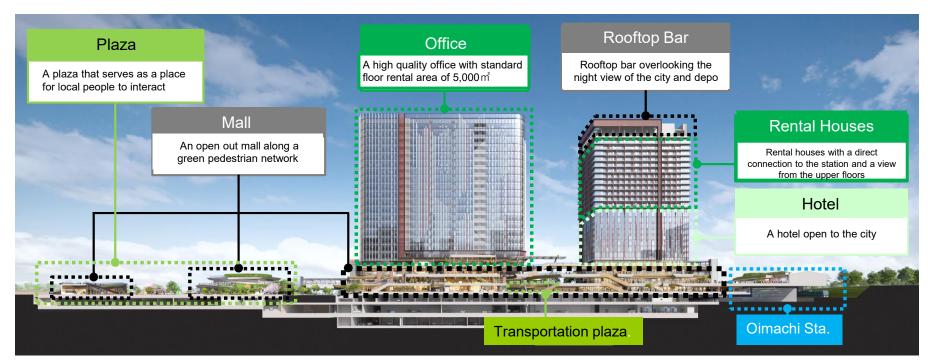
Other Project cost: About 600.0 billion yen Revenue projection (under stabilized operation): About 57.0 billion yen

Development of the Hiromachi area around Oimachi Station (tentative name)



	A-1 Area	A-2 Area		
Opening	End of FY20	026.3		
Site area	About 22,300m	About 7,100m		
Total floor area	About 250,000m	About 9,100m		
Height	About 115m	About 16m		
Number of floors	26 floors, 3 basement floors	2 floors, 2 basement floors		
Other	Revenue projection : Ab	out 13.0 billion yen		
Town development concept	 Development of pedestrian networks and plazas. Oimachi Station Improvement and Transportation Plaza Development Strengthening local disaster prevention capabilities Environmentally friendly urban development 			





Retail & Services / Real Estate & Hotels / Others: Reference



■ Retail & Services: Changes in revenue (%)

* The figures marked with "(existing)" compared 2018 are approximation based on simple multiplication.

			. ,											
	Comparable year	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Total
Retail & restaurants	2022	123.5	123.7	118.3	122.6	128.5	119.3	112.6	115.4	113.2	112.2	115.2	108.1	117.4
	2018	99.1	102.5	100.7	101.6	100.3	101.8	103.1	103.5	106.4	101.2	108.7	106.1	102.7
JR East Cross Station	2022	118.7	121.3	117.5	121.0	126.0	118.3	111.7	113.2	110.3	111.7	112.1	106.4	115.4
Co., Ltd. (retail) (existing)*	2018	92.8	94.7	96.2	94.1	95.3	95.7	99.8	97.1	97.4	97.7	104.7	100.3	97.1
JR East Cross Station Co., Ltd. (foods) (existing) [*]	2022	128.0	123.2	117.3	123.8	130.5	123.2	113.4	114.7	109.6	112.2	115.8	107.8	117.8
	2018	84.6	85.2	83.7	86.7	85.1	86.8	87.3	88.5	87.7	88.1	94.4	92.5	87.8

Real Estate & Hotels: Changes in revenue (%)

	V													
Station buildings	2022	114.5	111.4	112.3	117.2	118.7	110.9	109.0	112.4	107.9	109.1	112.6	106.7	111.1
Station buildings	2018	97.8	100.3	97.2	99.1	98.6	97.5	103.2	101.5	101.2	98.0	108.8	101.6	100.5
LUMINE (ovicting)*	2022	112.1	110.6	111.3	117.1	115.6	106.0	104.0	110.5	103.8	106.2	107.7	105.3	108.8
LUMINE (existing)*	2018	97.6	99.3	97.6	99.4	95.9	93.1	101.5	99.3	97.7	91.8	106.9	96.7	97.8
atrá (aviating)*	2022	108.5	107.8	108.4	113.5	114.2	108.7	106.4	109.8	104.2	109.8	109.8	106.0	108.4
atré (existing)*	2018	92.3	93.4	92.4	94.9	96.2	92.7	97.3	96.2	97.2	96.2	103.1	97.3	95.6
Hotels	2022	171.7	148.5	140.2	142.7	143.0	133.9	130.2	124.0	117.1	118.0	120.8	113.0	131.3
	2018	119.2	121.5	116.7	121.0	124.4	118.9	122.9	123.6	131.4	123.9	131.0	124.3	123.3

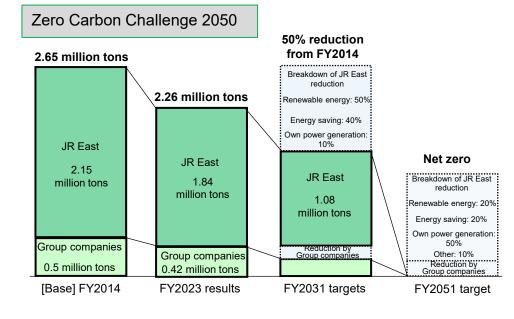
Others: Changes in the number of monthly uses of e-money

Number of monthly uses of e-money	Number of uses (million)	258	268	275	298	291	283	285	274	276	254	248	270	3,279	
	2022 (%)	110.0	110.3	106.1	113.5	114.2	112.2	110.0	109.2	109.1	107.6	109.4	103.9	109.7	
	2018 (%)	149.0		147.2	146.0	144.1	154.3	141.2	138.9	140.5	136.0	137.9	133.1	142.8	58

Environmental initiatives







Utilization of renewable energy

We aim to secure 700,000 kW of renewable energy source by the fiscal year ending March 2031, including the acquisition of non-fossil certificates.

Initiatives for a hydrogen society



Demonstration tests of the hydrogen hybrid electric train HYBARI under way



Hydrogen buses now in operation in Tokyo and Fukushima Prefecture

Setting reduction targets for SBT certification

August 2023: First Japanese railway operator to submit a letter of commitment to obtain certification

 \rightarrow Currently calculating Scope 3 required to set emission reduction targets by August 2025

Support for TNFD recommendations

March 2024: First railway operator registered as a TNFD Adopter

 \rightarrow Aim for disclosure based on the TNFD recommendations in the integrated Report scheduled to be issued in Sep. 2024

Calculation and disclosure of Shinkansen CO₂ emissions by section

April 2024: Calculated and disclosed CO₂ emissions per customer by section

 \rightarrow To be updated in Integrated Report scheduled to be issued in Sep. 2024

Line	Section	CO ₂ emissions [kg-CO ₂]
Tohoku Shinkansen	Tokyo-Sendai	8.3
Joetsu Shinkansen	Tokyo-Niigata	7.8
Hokuriku Shinkansen	Tokyo- Nagano	5.2

(Calculated based on FY2023 results)



Action to Implement Management that is Conscious of Cost of Capital and Stock Price

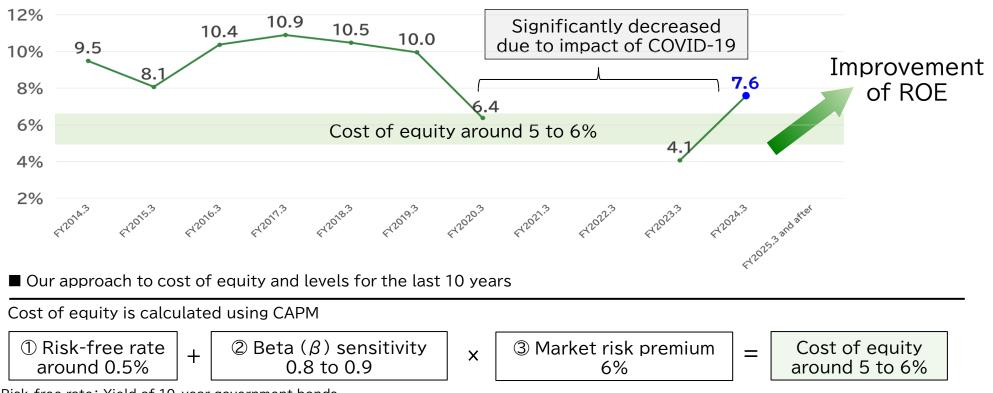


Disclosed on Mar. 21, 2024 *FY2024.3 results added

Current recognition of cost of capital and return on equity

• We recognize cost of equity to be around 5 to 6%. Although ROE significantly decreased due to the impact of COVID-19, we aim to realize ROE exceeding cost of equity as soon as possible. At the same time, while taking into account future increases in cost of equity, we aim to further improve ROE to consistently exceed cost of equity.

Movements in ROE and cost of equity



① Risk-free rate: Yield of 10-year government bonds

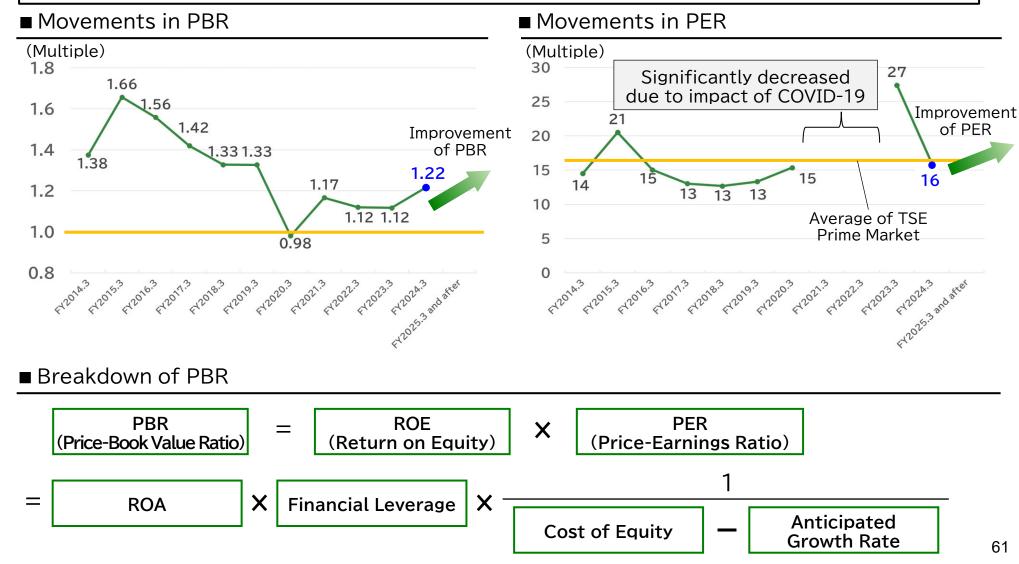
2 Beta (β): Sensitivity of the Company's share price to volatility of TOPIX for the last 5 years

③ Market risk premium: Historical stock market yield minus risk-free rate

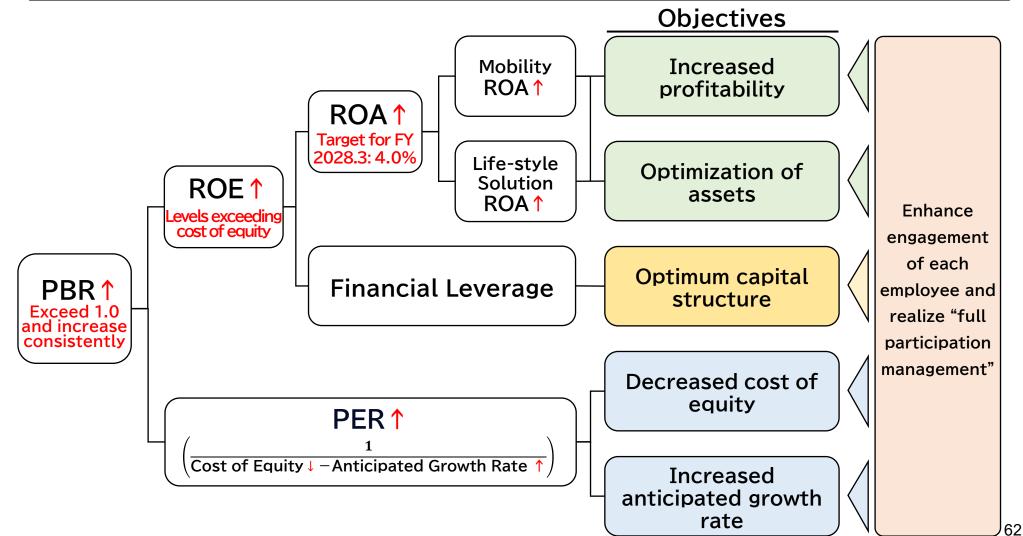
Current recognition of evaluation from the market

Disclosed on Mar. 21, 2024 *FY2024.3 results added

- PBR has been decreasing. Aiming to exceed 1.0 and increase consistently.
- As PBR is the product of ROE(i.e., rate of return) multiplied by PER (i.e., expectation for growth), PBR needs to be increased by both improving rate of return and increasing expectation for growth.



- Framework of Action to Implement Management that is Conscious of Cost of Capital and Stock Price
- In light of our Group being in a capital intensive industry as well as our Group's characteristic of engaging in the business of holding assets of a highly public nature, and therefore difficult to dispose, aim to improve ROE and PBR through improvement of ROA.



Specific Action to Implement Management that is Conscious of Cost of Capital and Stock Price ①

Objectives	Specific Action	Disclosed on Mar. 21, 2024
	 Maximize cash flows On a Group-wide level, recognize and optimally allocate resolution business strategy on a per business-unit basis, efficiently utilized improve mid-to-long-term productivity on a consolidated basis 	ize human capital and
Increased profitability	 Appropriate price pass-through In order to reflect the increasing cost on railway fares approp of revision of fares if possible based on guidelines on calculat to be amended. 	
	 Portfolio strategy Acknowledge strengths and weaknesses in each business and areas requiring a revamp and areas that need to be the subject matter of principle. Realize optimal business composition with 	ct of discussion as a
	 collaboration and M&A. Shift from business focused on holding assets to rotational an aiming at "accelerating business speed" and "acquiring new types". 	-
Optimization of assets	 Efficient use of assets Break up ROA into numerical targets such as income, cost, caratio of fixed assets relating to railway business, and link there headquarter, branch office and business site, aiming at improvand asset efficiency. Decrease assets Continuously decrease cross-shareholding as a whole, while relationshareholding as a whole of the statement of	n to the targets of each vement of profitability maintaining cross-
	shareholding that contributes to the improvement of our corporation maintenance and enhancement of stable business relationship collaboration from a mid-to-long-term perspective.	· –

Specific Action to Implement Management that is Conscious of Cost of Capital and Stock Price 2

Objectives	Specific Action Disclosed on Mar. 21, 2024
Optimum capital structure	 Level of interest-bearing debt based on business characteristics Real Estate and Hotels is positioned as a "growth business" which must adapt to changes with speed, and actively utilize interest-bearing debt. Consider potentially setting targets of interest-bearing debt for Real Estate and Hotels separately from other businesses. Mobility is positioned as a "sustainable business" which requires stability and growth, and emphasize net interest-bearing debt/EBITDA ratio.
Decreased cost of equity	 Thoughtful dialogue with capital markets Actively implement dialogue between the management and shareholders and investors. Disclose planned value of EBITDA to increase foreseeability of cash flows. Enhance reliability through flexible revisions of business forecast. Enhancement of disclosures Enhance disclosure of business information and ESG information through renewal of IR materials including financial results presentation materials and fact sheet.
Increased anticipated growth rate	 Strengthening of publicity on growth strategy Publicize mid-to-long-term goals by business segments and strategy to achieve goals per business

Numerical targets for specific actions(1) (FY2028.3)



*4 Target for FY2026.3 *5 Target number in total from FY2024.3 *6 Target for FY2031.3

*1 Target for FY2024.3 *2 Preliminary figures *3 Target for FY2032.3 and Number of line units of major conventional lines in the Tokyo area

() is the reference value for new targets newly settled in April 2023

	Numerical Target Items	Target for the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2028	Results as of March 2024	<reference> Results as of March 2023</reference>	
	Accidents due to internal causes	0*1	4* ²	0	
	Serious incidents	0*1	0	0	
	Railway accidents (from FY2019.3 level)	20% reduction* ¹	1% increase* ²	10% reduction	
	Of which accidents on platforms involving personal injuries (from FY2019.3 level)	30% reduction* ¹	17% reduction* ²	17% reduction	
	Number of stations and platforms with installed Automatic Platform Gates	330 stations, 758 platforms* ³	117 stations, 233 platforms in total	(99stations, 197platforms)	
	Accidents due to internal causes (from FY2019.3 level)				
	Conventional lines within 100km of Tokyo	55% reduction	8% reduction* ²	11% reduction	
Mobility Target	JR East Shinkansen	75% reduction	31% reduction* ²	54% reduction	
runger	Total delay time for conventional lines within 100km of Tokyo (from FY2019.3 level)	70% reduction	16% increase* ²	24% reduction	
	Inbound Revenue of Railway Business	56.0 bil. Yen	29.4 bil. Yen	(10.3 bil. Yen)	
	Ticketless service usage rate for JR East Shinkansen	75%	56.4%	41.0%	
	Handling percentage of <i>eki-net</i>	65%	55.2%	37.3%	
-	Installation areas of 5G	100 places in total* ⁴	35 places in total	21 places in total	
	Fiber optical lease distance	400km in total* ⁵	309 _{km} in total	(-)	
	Installed kilometers of overhead line equipment monitoring and inspection	7,500km	5,500km	(5,500km)	

Numerical targets for specific actions(2) (FY2028.3)



	Numerical Target Items	Target for the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2028	Results as of March 2024	<reference> Results as of March 2023</reference>	
	Number of transaction amount of JRE MALL	300.0 bil. Yen	7.0 bil. Yen	5.1 bil. Yen	
	Number of shared offices	1,400 locations in total	1,106 locations in total	774 locations in total	
	Inbound Revenue of life-style Solutions business	30.0 bil. Yen	27.2 bil. Yen	(7.8 bil. Yen)	
	Assets under management in the Real Estate Fund Business	400.0 bil. Yen in total	231.2 bil. Yen in total	(157.8 bil. Yen in total)	
Life-style	Number of homes	6,000 homes in total	3,328 homes in total	3,054 homes in total	
solutions	Number of childcare support facilities	175 locations in total	169 locations in total	165 locations in total	
Target	Number of JRE POINT members	30.0 mil. People	15.0 mil. people	13.8 mil. people	
	E-money usage such as <i>Suica</i>	600 mil. Transactions/month	298 mil. Transactions/month	263 mil. Transactions/month	
	Mobile <i>Suica</i> cards issued	35.0 mil.	26.2 mil.	20.3 mil.	
	Number of transactions for usage of the services of the MaaS platform, Mobility Linkage Platform, provided by JR East	100 mil. transactions/month	49.9 mil. transactions/month	38.7 mil. transactions/month	
	CO ₂ emissions of the entire JR East Group (from FY2014.3 level)	50.0% reduction* ⁶	-	14.7% reduction	
	Development of renewable energy power sources	700,000kW* ⁶	153,000kW	136,000kW	
	Recycling rate of plastic bottles in station and train trash	100%* ⁶	-	97%	
	Recycling rate in Waste (general/industrial) (Consolidated) (from FY2014.3 level)	73% ^{*6}	-	79%	
	Allocation of human resources to priority growth areas	2,000 people in total* ⁵	408 people	(-)	
Foundation	Ratio of Women to managers [non-consolidated]	10%	7.8%	(7.0%)	
for growth	Employment rate of persons with disabilities	2.70%	2.69%	(2.63%)	
Target	Rate of male employees taking childcare leave [non-consolidated]	85% or more	61.9%	(43.7%)	
	Percentage of Qualified Service Care-Fitters [non-consolidated]	80%	68.8%	(60.5%)	
	Accidents involving employee fatalities (Includes Group companies and partner companies)	0*1	2	(1)	
	Percentage of DX and service-related patent and design applications	50%	44%	(45%)	
	Penetration of initiatives on human rights, the environment, etc. into the supply chain (Supply chain penetration rate)	100%	66.7%	(55.6%)	

Fund-Raising



Policy

- Stable funding and diversification of funding methods in response to fluctuations in the market environment.
- Steady improvement of financial soundness by controlling interest-bearing debt according to cash flow. (Sustainably reduce net interest-bearing debt/EBITDA)
- Continue and expand ESG finance to promote ESG management.
- Fund-Raising Situation
- Long-term fund-raising (bonds, borrowing) : Totaled 462.3 billion yen (2023.4 -2024.3). (Including 216.0 billion yen of ESG bonds)
- Issuance facility and contract value (1,120.0 billion yen) CP 700.0 billion yen, Special bank overdraft facilities 300.0 billion yen, Commitment lines 60.0 billion yen, General bank overdraft facilities 60.0 billion yen.

Credit ratings		
	Rating agency	Rating
Long-term	Rating and Investment Information (R&I)	AA+ (Stable)
credit ratings	Moody's	A1 (Stable)
	Standard & Poor's (S&P)	A+ (Stable)
Short-term	Rating agency	Rating
credit ratings	Rating and Investment Information (R&I)	a-1+
	Japan Credit Rating Agency (JCR)	J-1+

68

Key Financial Indicators

2,899.9

853.5

3

2019.3

4,000

3,000

2,000

1,000

0

- Our policy is to reduce the net interest-bearing debt to EBITDA ratio to approx. 5 times in the medium term and approx. 3.5 times in the long term.
- Interest expenses are expected to increase in line with an increase in interest-bearing debt and the rise in average interest rates.

4,532.7

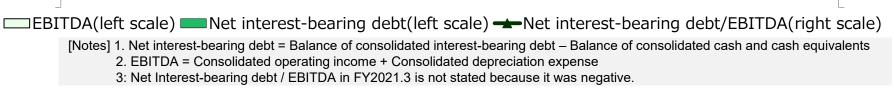
19.0

2022.3

Fixing the interest rate payable and extending maturities to reduce the risk of future interest rate hikes. ⇒

4,152.2

Trend in Net Interest-bearing Debt / EBITDA \neg (¥ billion) 5,000



238.6

Trend in Interest Coverage Ratio and Debt to Equity Ratio

3,158.5

755.5

4.2

2020.3

	2019.3	2020.3	2021.3	2022.3	2023.3	2024.3
Interest Coverage Ratio	10.5	9.0		3.1	9.4	10.2
Debt to Equity Ratio	1.0	1.1	1.7	2.0	1.9	1.8

[Notes] 1. Interest coverage ratio = Net cash provided by operating activities / payments of interest 2.Debt to Equity Ratio = Interest-bearing debt / Shareholder's equity 3.Interest coverage ratio in FY2021.3 is not stated because it was negative.

-131.5

2021.3



(times)

4,587.4

7<u>37.3</u>6.2

2024.3

4,559.8

8.6

2023.3

530.5



25.0 (times)

20.0

15.0

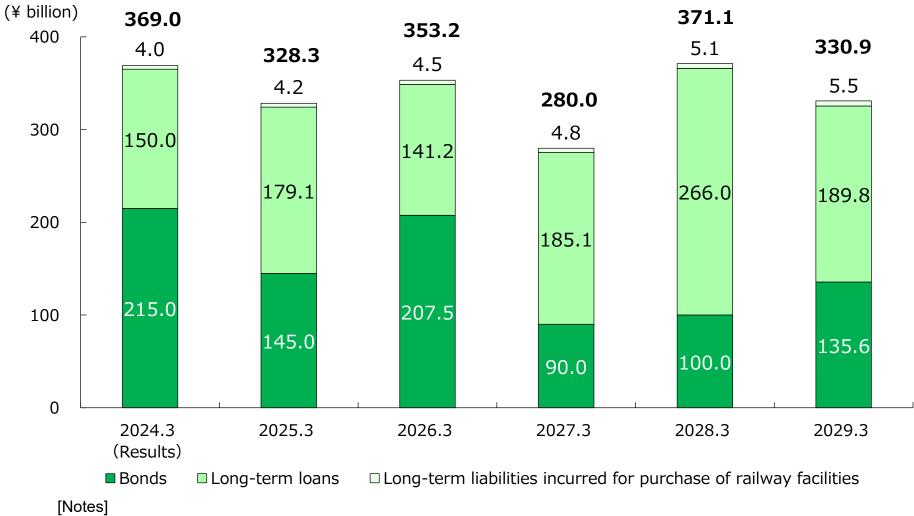
10.0

5.0

0.0

Interest-bearing Debt Breakdown and Maturity Outlook

- Future refinancing risks are reduced by leveling out interest-bearing debt redemption amounts each fiscal year.
- Redemption ladder of interest-bearing debt (consolidated, excluding short-term debt)



1) Outlook as of Apr. 30, 2024 2) Bond redemptions are at face value



These materials of the presentation can be viewed at the JR East's Website.

JR East Website, IR (Investor Relations) https://www.jreast.co.jp/e/investor/index.html

Forward-Looking Statements

Statements contained in this report with respect to JR East Group's plans, strategies and beliefs that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements about the future performance of JR East Group, which are based on management's assumptions and beliefs in light of the information currently available to it. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that may cause JR East Group's actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from the expectations expressed herein.

These factors include, without limitation,

(i) JR East Group's ability to successfully maintain or increase current passenger levels on railway services,

(ii) JR East Group's ability to expand "Business Connected to Life-style Solutions,"

(iii) JR East Group's ability to improve the profitability of each business operation, and

(iv) general changes in economic conditions and laws, regulations and government policies in Japan.