History of JR East Group's environmental and social activities

Year	Month	Environmental and social activities		Feb.	Safety Plan 21 announced.
		Japanese National Railways divided, and East Japan Railway Company established.	1999	Mar.	Omiya Recycling Center started operation (for automatically separating used cans from bottles).
1987	Apr.	pariese National narways divided, and East Japan narway company established st Railway Safety Promotion Committee meeting held.		Apr.	Service managers deployed at some stations.
	Jun.	Green Campaign began. Green Counter (now renamed customer help desks) opened for receiving customer feedback.		May	Started utilizing copier paper recycled from newspapers collected at stations.
	Sep.	Company-wide "Challenge Safety Campaign" launched.		Sep.	Information service on train operations made available by cell-phone.
	Dec.	ATS-P, an improved safety train-control system, installed on the Keiyo Line.		Apr.	JR East General Education Center established. Uniforms made from recycled PET bottles introduced.
1989	Apr.	Safety Research Laboratory and General Training Center established.	2000	Sep.	Environmental accounting included in annual Environmental Report.
1990	Sep.	"First Railway Safety Symposium" held.			Environmental targets revised with the announcement of New Frontier 21, the Group
	оер.		2001	Nov.	medium-term management plan.
	Oct.	"Future 21," a management plan for the twenty-first century, announced. "Ladies' Car," a train car exclusively reserved for female passengers, introduced in sleeping-car limited express trains.		Mar.	Oi Workshop, Kawasaki Thermal Power Plant, and Niigata Mechanical Technology Center acquired ISO14001 certification.
1992	Mar.	East Japan Railway Culture Foundation established.		Jul.	"Women-Only" cars for female passengers introduced on the Saikyo Line on a trial bas
	Apr.	Committee on Ecology established.		Dec.	JR East Research & Development Center established.
	Mari	Trees planted to commemorate the 5th anniversary of JR East's founding	2002	Feb.	Test runs of the AC Train, a next-generation commuter train, began.
	May	(later, an annual event called "Railway Lines Forestation Program" began).		Mar.	Omiya Workshop acquired ISO14001 certification.
	Aug.	Waste collection sorted into three categories began on a trial basis at Sugamo Station on the Yamanote Line.		Sep.	Sustainability Report including social and economic aspects published.
1993	Mar.	All-day smoking ban extended to major stations in the Tokyo suburban areas.		Nov.	Sendai General Rolling Stock Workshop acquired ISO14001 certification.
1994		Ueno Station Recycling Center started operation (for automatically separating used cans from bottles). Waste collection sorted into three categories started at 36 stations on the Yamanote and other lines.	2003	Mar.	Third set of measures to reduce Shinkansen noise completed. "Guide to Barrier-Free Station Facilities" pamphlet distributed.
	reb.			May	Test runs of the NE Train, world's first hybrid railcar, began.
				Sep.	First JR East Group Environmental Management Promotion Conference held.
	Mar.	"Basic Safety Plan" announced.		Dec.	Koriyama Workshop acquired ISO14001 certification.
1995	Feb.	Recycling of used train tickets began in the Tokyo metropolitan area.	2004	Mar.	"Safety Plan 2008" announced.
	Mar.	First measure to reduce Shinkansen noise completed.		Apr.	"F Program" launched, with the aim of creating a better working environment for female employees.
	Apr.	Ecology education for all new recruits initiated. "Train-ta-kun," a discount car rental service for train passengers, launched.		May	Adatara Hometown Forestation Program held.
1996	Mar.	JR East website set up. Quantitative environmental targets set for CO ₂ emissions and others.	2005	Jan.	Environmental targets revised with the announcement of "New Frontier 2008", the Group's medium-term management plan.
		First annual Environmental Report published.		Feb.	Nagano General Rolling Stock Center acquired ISO14001 certification.
	Dec.	Autonomous Decentralized Transport Operation Control System (ATOS) became operational.		Jul.	Akita General Rolling Stock Center acquired ISO14001 certification. Customer Service Department established.
1997	Mar.	Recycling facility at Minami-Akita Operations Center started operation. Separate smoking zones established at all stations. Smoking banned on all local trains.		Dec.	Office-wide JR East Eco Activities started at JR Hachioji Branch Office.
			2006	Feb.	Disaster Prevention Research Laboratory established.
	Oct.	Recycling facilities at Nagano Shinkansen Rolling Stock Center and Tokyo Station started operation.	2007	Mar.	Smoking banned in all cars of Shinkansen and limited express trains.
	Dec.	Participated in COP3 with the UIC (International Union of Railways).		July	World's first diesel hybrid railcar, the Kiha E200 type, commenced operations
1998	Mar.	Second set of measures to reduce Shinkansen noise completed.		Oct.	Railway Museum opened
	Nov.	Shinkiba Recycling Center started operation (for separating used newspapers from magazines). JR East ranked as 27th on the list of world's most respected enterprises by Financial Times.	2008	Mar.	"JR East Vision 2020 - i do mu - " announced
				Jun.	Environmental targets revised

Former names are used for some facilities

Year	Month	JR East Group: History of Awards	2005	Jan.	Grand Prize for Environmental Report in Environmental Report Category at Environmental Communication Awards 2004 (Organized by the Global Environmental Forum and sponsored by the Ministry of the Environment)
1995	Oct.	Poster category at the 5th Awards for Environmental Advertisements and the Director of Environmental Agency's Awards (Organized by Japan Eco-Life Center)	2006	Dec.	2006 Environment Minister's Award for Global Warming Prevention Activity in two categories: countermeasure technology introduction and dissemination, and implementation of countermeasures (organized by the Ministry of the Environment)
1997	Apr.	6th Global Environment Award (Organized by Nihon Kogyo Shimbun in special cooperation with WWF Japan)			
	Jun.	1st Environmental Action Plan Award and the Director of Environmental Agency's Awards (Organized by the National Association of Environmental Conservation and	2007	Apr.	16th Global Environment Award Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology Minister's Award (Organized by Fuji Sankei Group in special cooperation with WWF Japan)
	Nov.	sponsored by the Environmental Agency) Poster category at the 7th Awards for Environmental Advertisements and the Director of Environmental Agency's Awards (Organized by Japan Eco-Life Center)		Daa	Environment Minister's Award for Global Warming Prevention Activities in the category of technological development and commercialization (organized by the Ministry of the Environment) Eco Products Category Minister of Environment Prize in the 4th Eco Products Award (organized by the Eco-Products Awards Promotion Council; sponsored by the Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry, Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism, Ministry of the Environment)
1998	Apr.	1st Green Reporting Award Third Prize (Co-organized by Toyo Keizai Inc. and Green Reporting Forum)			
2001	May	4th Green Reporting Award Third Prize (Co-organized by Toyo Keizai Inc. and Green Reporting Forum)			

Editorial postscript

In this year's report, we included as many comments as possible from employees who work in the safety and services fields, and detailed specific environmental conservation measures made by Group companies in order to best convey to our stakeholders the social and environmental activities of the JR East Group. We have also striven to make this Sustainability Report as easy to understand as possible by publishing both a booklet on our environmental activities and by making information available on our website.

Throughout the process of preparing this report, we once again keenly felt that if a company is to fulfill its social responsibilities and constantly introduce measures to solve global environmental issues, it is critical that all employees responsibly implement their own work and cooperate with each other.

To further enrich the content of future sustainability reports, we encourage you to send us your opinions and assure you that we will take note of any comments you may care to make.