









Safety

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II-1 Our fundamental concept of safety

Since the establishment of JR East, safety has been our top management priority, and we have worked relentlessly to heighten our levels of safety. Our earnest efforts to learn from unfortunate accidents in the past have enabled JR East to further the prevention of future accidents with our continued developments in both tangible and intangible aspects. To further reduce potential risk, JR East is committed to steadily improve tangible countermeasures and also to ensure that each one of its employees takes all possible intangible measures.

Pursuit of safety measures can never end. We will continue to work tirelessly to improve safety by pursuing a goal of "zero accidents involving passenger injuries or fatalities and zero accidents involving employee fatalities (including employees of Group companies and partner companies)."

I -1-1 General principles of Safety

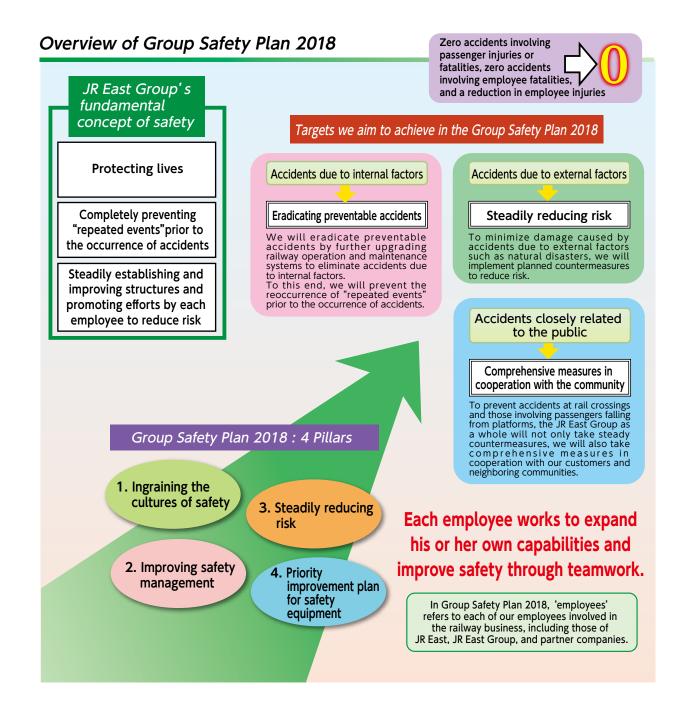
JR East has prescribed General principles of Safety for the code of conduct for its safety-related employees.

- ① Safety is the most important mission in transportation.
- ② Ensuring safety is based on exact observance of rules and procedures, and is achieved through constant practice.
- 3 Enforcement of confirmation and complete contact is most important for ensuring safety.
- To ensuring safety we should cooperate together and go beyond our official responsibility.
- ⑤ When we have questions or must choose among several options, we should remain calm, think by ourselves, and take the safest course after thorough consideration.

I -1-2 Group Safety Plan 2018

Since our establishment, upholding safety as our top management priority, JR East has been implementing a series of five-year safety plans. With our current five-year Safety Plan, Group Safety Plan 2018, with each of us involved in the railway business committed to improving safety, JR East as a whole group will continue to challenge ourselves to achieve "extreme safety levels."

In Group Safety Plan 2018, together with redefining the direction we are taking as a company such as preventing accidents resulting from internal factors, we outline specific measures. Additionally, through our ongoing efforts to pass on technologies and promote measures to comprehensively understand the severity of accidents, we aim to further enhance safety management through the fostering of safety-conscious personnel.



1 -1-3 Group Safety Plan 2018 4 pillars 1 Ingraining the cultures of safety

Ingraining the JR East Group's cultures of safety

5 cultures

A culture of proper reporting

The prompt and proper reporting of accidents and incidents, and the prevention of the recurrence of accidents.

A culture of noticing

The recognition and sharing of information regarding the potential sources of accidents in order to prevent accidents and incidents.

A culture of direct meeting and discussion

The open and honest discussion and exchange of opinion in investigating the causes of accidents and incidents in order to identify the causes of accidents and to take truly effective countermeasures against their recurrence.

A culture of learning

The continuous awareness of others, learning from accidents and incidents which occur in all places of work, not just in one's own workplace, and the implementation of appropriate countermeasures.

A culture of action

Safety can be ensured only by taking safe actions. Think and act by yourself. This is at the core of our safety.

Stopping trains when we feel it is not safe.

Safe and stable transport is important for our railways. Safety means protecting lives, while stability means ensuring on-time operations of our trains. However, though stable transport is important for us, safety comes first. Trying too hard to keep to schedule sometimes results in not properly following safety confirmation procedures, which leads to risking the safety of train operations. To secure the safety of our railway operations, the whole JR East Group will always follow our code of conduct to "stop trains" whenever we feel it necessary for safety reasons.

THUR MAN

Train protection drill at General Training Center

Sangen Principle: Three Actualities Principle

Accidents and incidents always occur at the Genba.* This means that the sources of accident prevention can also be found at the Genba. JR East continues its search for answers which cannot be found on paper, based on the "Three Actualities Principle" as its standard for action: actual locations, actual objects, and actual people.

*Genba: "Genba" means actual locations, objects, people directly related to the safety of our operations including points of contact with our customers and fields or workplaces of transport or services.

The Three Actualities Principle

Actual locations:

Visiting actual locations to understand actual conditions

Actual objects:

Viewing actual objects in order to understand actual conditions

Actual people:

Meeting face to face with people involved to understand actual situations

Challenge Safety Campaign

Since the company's foundation, we have been continuing our Challenge Safety Campaign with the aim of encouraging our employees to actively take on the challenge of further improving safety levels, rather than just passively maintaining safety. The campaign aims to encourage each one of our employees to actively endeavor to improve safety levels, think and discuss specific measures with each other and act upon them.

I -1-4 Group Safety Plan 2018 4 pillars ② Improving safety management

► Fostering safety-oriented personnel

The safety of our operations is supported by our frontline employees. To respond to the rapid changing of generations, we will steadily work on fostering safety-oriented personnel.

Fostering safety-oriented personnel with a strong mindset in cooperation between Key Safety Leaders, Safety Professionals, General Training Centers and Skills Training Centers



Fostering capabilities to flexibly respond to disasters

From the Great East Japan Earthquake on March 11, 2011, we have relearned the importance of being prepared for disasters on a daily basis and to think and act by ourselves at a time of a disaster.

To respond to an accident or a disaster immediately after its occurrence, we are required to remain calm to review our choices and make prompt decisions to ensure the safety of our operations and take the necessary actions. By discussing the actions required immediately after the occurrence of an accident or a disaster and preparing ourselves through training on a regular basis, JR East helps its employees to foster capabilities to respond flexibly to an accident or a disaster.

Steadily passing on necessary technologies

OPassing experiences and knowledge to future generations

JR East will steadily pass on valuable experiences and knowledge that veteran employees possess including the circumstances that led to accidents in the past and the processes that led to the creation of current rules and regulations. We will also continue our efforts to increase the volume of these valuable experiences and knowledge of veteran employees to be shared with future generations.

○ Increasing opportunities for employees to learn and challenge themselves

In passing on technologies, we place importance on offering opportunities for each one of our employees to voluntarily learn and challenge themselves and we believe that this will eventually lead them to acquire knowledge of the technologies and improve their capabilities.

Passing on experiences through the Chroniclers of Safety (narrators of oral history)

We have organized a group of ex-employees from various departments who possess an abundance of knowledge and applied skills in railway safety to act as our "Chroniclers of Safety." These Chroniclers of Safety share their safety-related experiences, such as the handling of accidents in the past, in the hope that they will pass their accumulated experiences and skills down to future generations.

Providing easy-to-understand learning materials and information

By utilizing ICT technologies, JR East offers an environment for employees to learn whenever needed from various learning opportunities such as Challenge Safety campaigns, regular trainings and drills, study sessions and individual learning. The necessary materials and information can be easily searched and processed for learning.

O Development and improvement of the safety portal

JR East utilizes its safety portal site via the intranet as its safety-related information platform. Employees can access the necessary educational materials including videos whenever needed.

O Development of e-learning

By utilizing devices such as tablets, we offer e-learning so that employees can learn whenever they want.

Further increasing the levels of safety through the concerted efforts of the whole JR East Group

To steadily and specifically promote our safety efforts, it is important that we share information and our safety values for the whole JR East Group including group and partner companies. We are committed to ensuring that all JR East Group employees share safety values and to continuing our efforts to further improve the levels of safety in our operations across the whole JR East Group.

Simplifying to minimize human errors

Devices and equipment requiring complex rules and numerous operations could result in human errors. JR East promotes the simplification of its operations by unifying the specifications of its devices and narrowing down its safety rules and regulations.

However, since many of the safety rules have been created from lessons from past accidents, as a condition of this simplification we make sure we understand the background to and objectives of each safety rule.

Deeply learning the dreadfulness of accidents

By engraving the dreadfulness of accidents in their memory, each one of our employees will take specific actions to prevent them from happening.

Further utilization of the Accident History Exhibition Hall

Since FY2015, all JR East employees visit the Accident History Exhibition Hall where actual trains from accidents and disasters are exhibited. We also continue to improve the educational materials available at the Accident History Exhibition Hall.

Publication of major accident encyclopedia

We will continue the publication of our major accident encyclopedia with notes from those who were involved in the accident response at the time.



Accident History Exhibition Hall

1-1-5 Group Safety Plan 2018 4 pillars ③ Steadily reducing risk

Totally eradicating accidents due to internal factors

Our goal is to eradicate preventable accidents due to internal factors by further upgrading railway operation and maintenance systems. In addition to our risk reduction measures for personnel and management such as education and training, we will take all possible measures such as the utilization of technological developments in ICT, big data, and GPS. We will also review our safety-related procedures and further strengthen the countermeasures we have been putting in place.

To this end, we will focus primarily on preventing the reoccurrence of "events requiring attention" due to the same factors

Reducing risk of accidents due to external factors

When the Great East Japan Earthquake occurred, the earthquake countermeasures that had been steadily implemented by JR East up to that time proved effective to a certain extent. On the other hand, we continue to acknowledge the importance of being prepared for unforeseen natural disasters. Additionally, we will steadily reduce the risk of damage being caused by the increasing incidence of natural disasters such as abnormal weather like torrential localized rain and gusts of wind, floods and volcanic eruptions. To minimize damage caused by natural disasters due to external factors immediately after an occurrence, JR East will take planned risk reduction measures.

Reducing risk of accidents closely related to the public

While we steadily take measures against accidents at rail crossings and customers falling onto tracks, we continue our efforts to ask our customers and neighboring communities to understand the risks associated with railways and to prevent the occurrence of such accidents.

We will take comprehensive measures including accident prevention campaigns on platforms, escalators, or railway level crossings, and the elimination of level crossings in cooperation with local municipalities.

Measures against major accidents

We will steadily implement countermeasures by learning lessons from major accidents in the past.

(Specific measures)

Measures taken after the Uetsu Main Line train derailment accident (Dec. 25th, 2005)

- Increased installation of anemometers and operation restriction zones for heavy wind
- Research and development to predict local gust
- Reviewing operational restriction methods by utilizing meteorological information
- · Increased installation of windbreak fences

Measures taken after the Fukuchiyama Line train derailment accident (April 25th, 2005)

- Speed check by introducing ATS to curves, turnouts, terminals, and descending grades
- Increased introduction of automatic train protection radio transmission devices
- Complete introduction of emergency braking equipment

Measures taken after the Joetsu Shinkansen train derailment accident (Oct. 23rd, 2004)

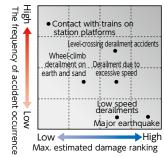
- L-shaped car guide and rail rollover prevention device
- Strengthening seismic reinforcement for embankment, cutting, elevated bridges, electric poles, ceiling and walls of station buildings and platforms
- Improvement of systems to promptly decelerate and stop Shinkansen trains immediately after an earthquake

O Further prediction of possible risk and related countermeasures

Though some risk might not be recognized as risk, with changing circumstances surrounding railways some might evolve into a risk to operations in the future. We will monitor the changing risk on a regular basis so that we can predict the possible risk and implement proper countermeasures beforehand.

By reviewing the changing risk of possible accidents on a regular basis by using risk evaluation methods, we can determine the priority of the necessary countermeasures.

An example of our risk evaluation methods



I -1-6 Group Safety Plan 2018 4 pillars

4 Priority improvement plan for safety equipment

Eradicating accidents due to internal factors

Those related to railway operations

- Increased introduction of ATS-P to prevent violation of signals and excessive speeding by trains
- · Introduction of systems to transmit information such as temporary speed restrictions to train drivers in strong wind or heavy rain.

○ Those related to rolling stock and equipment

- Introduction of new type railcars with carbody structures for improved safety levels
- · Increased introduction of backup equipment to further ensure the secure operation of level crossings when trains are passing
- · Safety measures for aging facilities (extension of their life through planned renewals and
- · Commercialization of technologies to monitor on-board equipment and ground facilities by commercial trains with inspection equipment.



Operation control information relay systems

Those related to maintenance and construction

- · Commercialization of warning systems to alert staffs about approaching trains by utilizing GPS
- Systemization of procedures to prevent trains from entering sections under construction
- · Measures to prevent collisions between commercial trains and maintenance vehicles involved in construction work.

Reducing risk of accidents due to external factors

Measures against large-scale earthquakes

- · Increased seismic reinforcement for embankments, cuttings, elevated bridges, electric poles, and facilities such as the ceiling and walls of station buildings and platforms
- · Improvement of systems to more promptly decelerate and stop Shinkansen trains immediately after an earthquake.

O Disaster prevention measures against rainfall

· Improving durability of civil engineering facilities such as embankments and cuttings

Measures against rock falls and mud slides

- · Improvement of rock fall protection work, slope protection work, and guard fences against landslides
- · Development of systems to predict risk of large-scale landslides based on topographic and geographic conditions



Measures against largescale earthquakes (seismic reinforcement of embankment)

Measures against localized gusts of wind

• Development of technologies to improve accuracy of predicting localized gusts by utilizing meteorological information such as the Japan Meteorological Agency's Nowcasts for tornados

Measures against strong wind

- · Increased installation of windbreak fences
- · Introduction of criteria for making judgments in operation control due to strong wind taking into consideration carbody shapes and topological conditions
- Disaster prevention measures for Yamagata and Akita Shinkansen lines in mountainous areas

Reducing risk of accidents closely related to the public

Safety measures for station platforms

- Increased introduction of automatic platform doors
- Increased introduction of dot-Braille blocks that indicate which direction is away from the edge of the platform.

○ Safety measures for level crossings

- Increased installation of level crossing warning systems to inform train drivers of incidents at level crossings.
- Upgrade of Class 4 level crossings (without alarms and crossing gates) to Class 1 level crossings (with alarms and crossing gates)

Countermeasures against crime and/or acts of terrorism

• Installation of security cameras along railways where there is a possibility of trespassing (Shinkansen tracks, stations, depots, storage tracks, close to level crossings, etc. within 30km from Tokyo.)



Automatic platform doors



Emergency button

Obstruction warning signal

Level crossing warning system